# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

### H05K PRINTED CIRCUITS

CASINGS OR CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS

MANUFACTURE OF ASSEMBLAGES OF ELECTRICAL

**COMPONENTS** ( details of instruments or comparable details of other apparatus not otherwise provided for <u>G12B</u>; thin-film or thick-film circuits <u>H01L 27/01</u>, <u>H01L 27/13</u>; non-printed means for electric connections to or between printed circuits, { electric connections or line connectors, apparatus or processes for manufacturing, assembling, maintaining or repairing such connections or connectors } H01R; casings for, or constructional details of, particular types of apparatus, see the relevant subclasses; processes involving only a single technical art, e.g. heating, spraying, for which provision exists elsewhere, see the relevant classes)

#### NOTE

This subclass covers:

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- combinations of a radio or television receiver with
apparatus having a different main function;- printed circuits
structurally associated with non-printed electric components;
- {printed connectors (non printed connectors HOIR ) }
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In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:

- "printed circuits" covers all kinds of mechanical constructions of circuits that consist of an insulating base or support carrying the conductor and are combined structurally with the conductor throughout their length, especially in a two-dimensional plane, the conductors of which are secured to the base in a non-dismountable manner, and also covers the processes or apparatus for manufacturing such constructions, e.g. forming the circuit by mechanical or chemical treatment of a conductive foil, paste, or film on an insulating support.

### **Guide heading:**

H05K 1/00

**Printed circuits** ( assemblies of a plurality of individual semiconductor or solid state devices  $\underline{\text{H01L }25/00}$ ; devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate, e.g. integrated circuits, thin-film or thick-film circuits,  $\underline{\text{H01L }27/00}$ )

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H05K 1/02

Details

(Thermal arrangements, e.g. for cooling, heating or preventing overheating)

(Cooling of mounted components (H05K 1/0272 takes precedence))

(Using means for thermal conduction connection in the thickness direction of the substrate (H05K 1/0207 takes precedence))

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H05K 1/0207		{ using internal conductor planes parallel to the surface for thermal conduction, e.g. power planes }
H05K 1/0209		{ External configuration of printed circuit board adapted for heat dissipation, e.g. lay-out of conductors, coatings }
H05K 1/021		{ Components thermally connected to metal substrates or heat-sinks by insert mounting }
H05K 1/0212		{ Printed circuits or mounted components having integral heating means }
H05K 1/0213		Electrical arrangements not otherwise provided for ( screening H05K 9/00; nergency protective circuits H02H) }
H05K 1/0215		{ Grounding of printed circuits by connection to external grounding means }
H05K 1/0216	• • •	{ Reduction of cross-talk, and noise or electromagnetic interference ( grounding $\underline{\text{H05K 1/0215}}$ ) }
H05K 1/0218		{ by printed shielding conductors, ground planes or power plane ( H05K 1/0236 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0219		{ Printed shielding conductors for shielding around or between signal conductors, e.g. coplanar or coaxial printed shielding conductors }
H05K 1/0221		{ Coaxially shielded signal lines comprising a continuous shielding layer partially or wholly surrounding the signal lines ( coaxially shielded vias H05K 1/0222)}
H05K 1/0222		{ for shielding around a single via or around a group of vias, e.g. coaxial vias or vias surrounded by a grounded via fence }
H05K 1/0224		{ Patterned shielding planes, ground planes or power planes ( H05K 1/0253 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0225		{ Single or multiple openings in a shielding, ground or power plane ( H05K 1/0227 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0227		{ Split or nearly split shielding or ground planes }
H05K 1/0228		{ Compensation of cross-talk by a mutually correlated lay-out of printed circuit traces, e.g. for compensation of cross-talk in mounted connectors (balanced signal pairs H05K 1/0245)}
H05K 1/023		{ using auxiliary mounted passive components or auxiliary substances ( printed passive components H05K 1/16)}
H05K 1/0231		{ Capacitors or dielectric substances }
H05K 1/0233		{ Filters, inductors or a magnetic substance }
H05K 1/0234		{ Resistors or by disposing resistive or lossy substances in or near power planes ( $\underline{\text{H05K 1/0246}}$ takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0236		{ Electromagnetic band-gap structures ( conductive planes with an opening or a split $\underline{\text{H05K 1/0225}}$ , $\underline{\text{H05K 1/0227}}$ )}
H05K 1/0237		{ High frequency adaptations ( H05K 1/0216 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0239		{ Signal transmission by AC coupling }
H05K 1/024		{ Dielectric details, e.g. changing the dielectric material around a transmission line }
H05K 1/0242		{ Structural details of individual signal conductors, e.g. related to the skin effect }
H05K 1/0243		{ Printed circuits associated with mounted high frequency components }
H05K 1/0245		{ Lay-out of balanced signal pairs, e.g. differential lines or twisted lines }
H05K 1/0246		{ Termination of transmission lines }
H05K 1/0248		{ Skew reduction or using delay lines }
H05K 1/025		{ Impedance arrangements, e.g. impedance matching, reduction of parasitic

		impedance ( <u>H05K 1/024</u> and <u>H05K 1/0243</u> take precedence; for semiconductor devices <u>H01L 23/66</u> ) }
H05K 1/0251		{ related to vias or transitions between vias and transmission lines }
H05K 1/0253		{ Impedance adaptations of transmission lines by special lay-out of power planes, e.g. providing openings ( <u>H05K 1/0251</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0254		{ High voltage adaptations; Electrical insulation details; Overvoltage or electrostatic discharge protection ( electrostatic discharge protection for electric apparatus in general <u>H05K 9/0067</u> , <u>H05K 9/0079</u> ); Arrangements for regulating voltages or for using plural voltages }
H05K 1/0256		{ Electrical insulation details, e.g. around high voltage areas }
H05K 1/0257		{ Overvoltage protection }
H05K 1/0259		{ Electrostatic discharge [ESD } protection]
H05K 1/026		{ Spark gaps ( spark gaps per se H01T ) }
H05K 1/0262		{ Arrangements for regulating voltages or for using plural voltages }
H05K 1/0263		{ High current adaptations, e.g. printed high current conductors or using auxiliary non-printed means; Fine and coarse circuit patterns on one circuit board ( <u>H05K 1/0293</u> takes precedence ) ( <u>H05K 1/00E6</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0265		{ characterized by the lay-out of or details of the printed conductors, e.g. reinforced conductors, redundant conductors, conductors having different cross-sections }
H05K 1/0266		{ Marks, test patterns, inspection means or identification means }
H05K 1/0268		{ for electrical inspection or testing }
H05K 1/0269		{ for visual or optical inspection }
H05K 1/0271	• •	{ Arrangements for reducing stress or warp in rigid printed circuit boards, e.g. caused by loads, vibrations or differences in thermal expansion }
H05K 1/0272		{ Adaptations for fluid transport, e.g. channels, holes }
H05K 1/0274		{ Optical details, e.g. printed circuits comprising integral optical means ( $\underline{\text{H05K}}$ $\underline{\text{1/0269}}$ takes precedence; Coupling light guides with opto-electronic components $\underline{\text{G02B 6/42}}$ ) }
H05K 1/0275	••	{ Security details, e.g. tampering prevention or detection ( security details of computer components $\underline{G06F\ 21/70}$ ) }
H05K 1/0277	••	{ Bendability or stretchability details ( not used, see subgroups; $\underline{\text{H05K 1/038}}$ , $\underline{\text{H05K}}$ 3/4691 take precedence ) }
H05K 1/0278		{ Rigid circuit boards or rigid supports of circuit boards locally made bendable, e.g. by removal or replacement of material }
H05K 1/028	• • • •	{ Bending or folding regions of flexible printed circuits ( <u>H05K 1/0283</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0281		{ Reinforcement details thereof }
H05K 1/0283		{ Stretchable printed circuits }
H05K 1/0284	••	{ Details of three-dimensional rigid printed circuit boards ( $\underline{\text{H05K 1/119}}$ takes precedence; shaping of the substrate $\underline{\text{H05K 3/0014}}$ ) }
H05K 1/0286		{ Programmable, customizable or modifiable circuits ( by programmable non-printed jumper connections <u>H05K 3/222</u> ) }
H05K 1/0287		{ having an universal lay-out, e.g. pad or land grid patterns or mesh patterns }
H05K 1/0289		{ having a matrix lay-out, i.e. having slectively interconnectable sets of X-conductors and Y-conductors in different planes }
H05K 1/029		{ having a programmable lay-out, i.e. adapted for choosing between a few possibilities }

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H05K 1/0292
                                { having a modifiable lay-out, i.e. adapted for engineering changes or repair (
                      . . .
                                H05K 1/0293 takes precedence)}
H05K 1/0293
                                { Individual printed conductors which are adapted for modification, e.g. fusable
                      . . .
                                or breakable conductors, printed switches }
H05K 1/0295
                                { adapted for choosing between different types or different locations of mounted
                                components }
H05K 1/0296
                             { Conductive pattern lay-out details not covered by sub groups H05K 1/02 to H05K
                             1/0295 ( H05K 1/11 takes precedence; lay-out adapted to mounted component
                             configuration H05K 1/18)}
H05K 1/0298
                                { Multilaver circuits }
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H05K 1/03
                             Use of materials for the substrate { ( substrates for semiconductor chips H01L
                             <u>23/00</u>) }
H05K 1/0306
                                { Inorganic insulating substrates, e.g. ceramic, glass }
H05K 1/0313
                                { Organic insulating material }
H05K 1/032
                                   { consisting of one material }
                      . . . .
                                   NOTE
                                         In this group, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, a material
                                         is classified in the last appropriate place
H05K 1/0326
                                      { containing O }
H05K 1/0333
                                      { containing S }
H05K 1/034
                                      { containing halogen }
                      . . . . .
H05K 1/0346
                                      { containing N }
H05K 1/0353
                                   { consisting of two or more materials, e.g. two or more polymers, polymer +
                                   filler, + reinforcement }
                                      { Multilayers with layers of different types }
H05K 1/036
H05K 1/0366
                                      { reinforced, e.g. by fibres, fabrics ( H05K 1/036 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/0373
                                      { containing additives, e.g. fillers ( H05K 1/036 takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/038
                                { Textiles ( used as reinforcing materials for organic insulating substrates H05K
                                1/0366)}
H05K 1/0386
                                { Paper sheets ( used as reinforcing materials for organic insulating substrates
                                H05K 1/0366)}
H05K 1/0393
                                { Flexible materials ( H05K 1/038 takes precedence; specific organic
                                compositions are classified in H05K 1/0313 and subgroups ) }
H05K 1/05
                                Insulated metal substrate { or other insulated electrically conductive substrate (
                      . . .
                                thermal coupling of mounted components and metal substrate H05K 1/0204,
                                H05K 1/021)
H05K 1/053
                                   { the metal substrate being covered by an inorganic insulating layer }
                      . . . .
H05K 1/056
                                   { the metal substrate being covered by an organic insulating layer }
H05K 1/09
                             Use of materials for the metallic pattern { or other conductive pattern ( materials for
                             conductors H01B 1/00)
                                { Dispersed materials, e.g. conductive pastes or inks ( Conductive material
H05K 1/092
                                dispersed in non-conductive material in general H01B 1/14 to H01B 1/24;
                                Conductive inks in general C09D 11/52)}
H05K 1/095
                                   { for polymer thick films, i.e. having a permanent organic polymeric binder }
H05K 1/097
                                   { Inks comprising nanoparticles, i.e. inks which are sinterable at low
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## temperatures }

H05K 1/11	. Printed elements for providing electric connections to or between printed circuits
H05K 1/111	{ Pads for surface mounting, e.g. lay-out }
H05K 1/112	{ directly combined with via connections }
H05K 1/113	{ Via provided in pad; Pad over filled via }
H05K 1/114	{ Pad being close to via, but not surrounding the via }
H05K 1/115	{ Via connections; Lands around holes or via connections ( <u>H05K 1/112</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/116	{ Lands, clearance holes or other lay-out details concerning the surrounding of a via }
H05K 1/117	{ Pads along the edge of rigid circuit boards, e.g. for pluggable connectors }
H05K 1/118	{ specially for flexible printed circuits, e.g. using folded portions }
H05K 1/119	{ Details of rigid insulating substrates therefor, e.g. three-dimensional details ( H05K 1/117 takes precedence) }
H05K 1/14	Structural association of two or more printed circuits (providing electric connection to or between printed circuits <u>H05K 1/11</u> , <u>H01R 9/09</u> , <u>H01R 23/68</u> )
H05K 1/141	{ One or more single auxiliary printed circuits mounted on a main printed circuit, e.g. modules, adapters ( <u>H05K 1/142</u> and <u>H05K 1/147</u> take precedence ) }
H05K 1/142	{ Arrangements of planar printed circuit boards in the same plane, e.g. auxiliary printed circuit insert mounted in a main printed circuit }
H05K 1/144	{ Stacked arrangements of planar printed circuit boards }
H05K 1/145	{ Arrangements wherein electric components are disposed between and simultaneously connected to two planar printed circuit boards, e.g. Cordwood modules }
H05K 1/147	{ at least one of the printed circuits being bent or folded, e.g. by using a flexible printed circuit ( <u>H05K 1/148</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 1/148	{ Arrangements of two or more hingeably connected rigid printed circuit boards, i.e. connected by flexible means }
H05K 1/16	<ul> <li>incorporating printed electric components, e.g. printed resistor, capacitor, inductor { (thick-film or thin-film circuits H01L 27/01, H01L 27/13) }</li> </ul>
H05K 1/162	{ incorporating printed capacitors }
H05K 1/165	{ incorporating printed inductors }
H05K 1/167	{ incorporating printed resistors }
H05K 1/18	<ul> <li>Printed circuits structurally associated with non-printed electric components ( { H05K 1/0201 , H05K 1/023 , H05K 1/0243 , } H05K 1/16 take precedence )</li> </ul>
H05K 1/181	{ associated with surface mounted components }
H05K 1/182	{ associated with components mounted in the printed circuit board, e.g. IMC (insert mounted components)}
H05K 1/183	{ Components mounted in and supported by recessed areas of the printed circuit board }
H05K 1/184	{ Components including terminals inserted in holes through the printed circuit board and connected to printed contacts on the walls of the holes or at the edges thereof or protruding over or into the holes }

H05K 1/185	{ Components encapsulated in the insulating substrate of the printed circuit or incorporated in internal layers of a multilayer circuit ( semiconductor chips encapsulated by interconnect and support structures H01L 23/5389, H01L 24/00) }
H05K 1/186	{ manufactured by mounting on or connecting to patterned circuits before or during embedding }
H05K 1/187	{ the patterned circuits being prefabricated circuits, which are not yet attached to a permanent insulating substrate, e.g. on a temporary carrier }
H05K 1/188	{ manufactured by mounting on or attaching to a structure having a conductive layer, e.g. a metal foil, such that the terminals of the component are connected to or adjacent to the conductive layer before embedding, and by using the conductive layer, which is patterned after embedding, at least partially for connecting the component }
H05K 1/189	{ characterised by the use of a flexible or folded printed circuit ( <u>H05K 3/326</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/00	<b>Apparatus or processes for manufacturing printed circuits</b> (photomechanical production of textured or patterned surfaces, materials or originals therefor, apparatus specially adapted therefor, in general <u>G03F</u> ; involving the manufacture of semiconductor devices <u>H01L</u> )
H05K 3/0002	. { for manufacturing artworks for printed circuits }
H05K 3/0005	. { for designing circuits by computer }
H05K 3/0008	. { for aligning or positioning of tools relative to the circuit board ( $\underline{\text{H05K 3/4638}}$ , $\underline{\text{H05K 3/4679}}$ take precedence; for manufacturing assemblages of components $\underline{\text{H05K}}$ $\underline{\text{13/0015}}$ ) }
H05K 3/0011	• { Working of insulating substrates or insulating layers ( making copper-clad substrates H05K 3/022; surface treatment for improvement of adhesion H05K 3/381)}
H05K 3/0014	{ Shaping of the substrate, e.g. by moulding }
H05K 3/0017	{ Etching of the substrate by chemical or physical means }
H05K 3/002	{ by liquid chemical etching }
H05K 3/0023	{ by exposure and development of a photosensitive insulating layer }
H05K 3/0026	{ by laser ablation }
H05K 3/0029	{ of inorganic insulating material }
H05K 3/0032	{ of organic insulating material }
H05K 3/0035	{ of blind holes, i.e. having a metal layer at the bottom }
H05K 3/0038	{ combined with laser drilling through a metal layer }
H05K 3/0041	{ by plasma etching }
H05K 3/0044	{ Mechanical working of the substrate, e.g. drilling or punching ( <u>H05K 3/0008</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/0047	{ Drilling of holes }
H05K 3/005	{ Punching of holes }
H05K 3/0052	{ Depaneling, i.e. dividing a panel into circuit boards; Working of the edges of circuit boards }
H05K 3/0055	{ After-treatment, e.g. cleaning or desmearing of holes }

H05K 3/0058	<ul> <li>{ Laminating printed circuit boards onto other substrates, e.g. metallic substrates ( H05K 1/0281 takes precedence ) }</li> </ul>
H05K 3/0061	{ onto a metallic substrate, e.g. a heat sink ( heat sinks for electric apparatus H05K 7/20 ) }
H05K 3/0064	{ onto a polymeric substrate }
H05K 3/0067	{ onto an inorganic, non-metallic substrate }
H05K 3/007	• { Manufacture or processing of a substrate for a printed circuit board supported by a temporary or sacrificial carrier ( <a href="https://example.com/H05K 1/187">H05K 1/187</a> , <a href="https://example.com/H05K 3/4682">H05K 3/4682</a> take precedence ) }
H05K 3/0073	<ul> <li>{ Masks not provided for in groups <u>H05K 3/02</u> to <u>H05K 3/46</u>, e.g. for photomechanical production of patterned surfaces }</li> </ul>
H05K 3/0076	{ characterised by the composition of the mask }
H05K 3/0079	{ characterised by the method of application or removal of the mask ( <u>H05K 3/0091</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/0082	{ characterised by the exposure method of radiation-sensitive masks }
H05K 3/0085	. { Apparatus for treatments of printed circuits with liquids not provided for in groups $\underline{\text{H05K 3/02}}$ to $\underline{\text{H05K 3/46}}$ ; conveyers and holding means therefor ( apparatus specially adapted for manufacturing assemblages of electric components, e.g. printed circuit boards, $\underline{\text{H05K 13/00}}$ ) }
H05K 3/0088	{ for treatment of holes }
H05K 3/0091	. { Apparatus for coating printed circuits using liquid non-metallic coating compositions }
H05K 3/0094	• { Filling or covering plated through-holes or blind plated vias, e.g. for masking or for mechanical reinforcement }
H05K 3/0097	• { Processing two or more printed circuits simultaneously, e.g. made from a common substrate, or temporarily stacked circuit boards ( <u>H05K 3/0052</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/02	<ul> <li>in which the conductive material is applied to the surface of the insulating support and is thereafter removed from such areas of the surface which are not intended for current conducting or shielding</li> </ul>
H05K 3/022	{ Processes for manufacturing precursors of printed circuits, i.e. copper-clad substrates ( laminates in general <u>B32B</u> ) }
H05K 3/025	{ by transfer of thin metal foil formed on a temporary carrier, e.g. peel-apart copper }
H05K 3/027	{ the conductive material being removed by irradiation, e.g. by photons, alpha, beta particles ( machining by laser in general B23K 26/00; electron - or ion beam tubes therefor H01J 37/00) }
H05K 3/04	the conductive material being removed mechanically, e.g. by punching
H05K 3/041	{ by using a die for cutting the conductive material }
H05K 3/043	{ by using a moving tool for milling or cutting the conductive material }
H05K 3/045	{ by making a conductive layer having a relief pattern, followed by abrading of the raised portions }
H05K 3/046	{ by selective transfer or selective detachment of a conductive layer }
H05K 3/048	{ using a lift-off resist pattern or a release layer pattern }

110514 0/00	
H05K 3/06	the conductive material being removed chemically or electrolytically, e.g. by photo-etch process { ( Non-mechanical removal of metallic material from surfaces C23F; semi-additive methods H05K 3/108 ) }
H05K 3/061	{ Etching masks ( local etching C23F 1/02 ) }
H05K 3/062	{ consisting of metals or alloys or metallic inorganic compounds ( H05K 3/065 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/064	{ Photoresists }
H05K 3/065	{ applied by electrographic, electrophotographic or magnetographic methods (in general G03G)}
H05K 3/067	{ Etchants ( in general <u>C23F 1/10</u> to <u>C23F 1/46</u> ) }
H05K 3/068	{ Apparatus for etching printed circuits ( in general C23F 1/08 ) }
H05K 3/07	being removed electrolytically
H05K 3/08	the conductive material being removed by electric discharge, e.g. by spark erosion { working of metal by electro-erosion per se <u>B23H</u> }
H05K 3/10	<ul> <li>in which conductive material is applied to the insulating support in such a manner as to form the desired conductive pattern</li> </ul>
H05K 3/101	{ by casting or moulding of conductive material }
H05K 3/102	{ by bonding of conductive powder, i.e. metallic powder ( <u>H05K 3/12</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/103	{ by bonding or embedding conductive wires or strips }
H05K 3/105	{ by conversion of non-conductive material on or in the support into conductive material, e.g. by using an energy beam }
H05K 3/106	{ by photographic methods ( in general G03C ) }
H05K 3/107	{ by filling grooves in the support with conductive material ( <u>H05K 3/045</u> , <u>H05K 3/101</u> , <u>H05K 3/1258</u> and <u>H05K 3/465</u> take precedence ) }
H05K 3/108	{ by semi-additive methods; masks therefor ( characterised by metallic etch mask <u>H05K 3/062</u> ; electroplating methods or apparatus <u>H05K 3/241</u> ) }
H05K 3/12	{ using thick film techniques, e.g. printing techniques to apply the conductive material or similar techniques for applying conductive paste or ink patterns ( printing techniques in general <u>B41M</u> , printing apparatus <u>B41F</u> )}
H05K 3/1208	{ Pretreatment of the circuit board, e.g. modifying wetting properties; Patterning by using affinity patterns ( providing shape patterns H05K 3/1258; adhesion treatments H05K 3/38)}
H05K 3/1216	{ by screen printing or stencil printing }
H05K 3/1225	{ Screens or stencils ( in general $\underline{B41N\ 1/24}$ ; manufacturing of screens or stencils $\underline{B41C\ 1/14}$ ) ; Holders therefor ( stencil holders for applying liquids $\underline{B05C\ 17/08}$ ) }
H05K 3/1233	{ Methods or means for supplying the conductive material and for forcing it through the screen or stencil }
H05K 3/1241	{ by ink-jet printing or drawing by dispensing }
H05K 3/125	{ by ink-jet printing ( in general B41J ) }
H05K 3/1258	{ by using a substrate provided with a shape pattern, e.g. grooves, banks, resist pattern }
H05K 3/1266	{ by electrographic or magnetographic printing ( in general G03G ) }
H05K 3/1275	{ by other printing techniques, e.g. letterpress printing, intaglio printing, lithographic printing, offset printing }
H05K 3/1283	{ After-treatment of the printed patterns, e.g. sintering or curing methods }

H05K 3/1291	{ Firing or sintering at relative high temperatures for patterns on inorganic boards, e.g. co-firing of circuits on green ceramic sheets }
H05K 3/14	using spraying techniques to apply the conductive material { including vapour evaporation; ( covering metals by metal spraying <u>C23C 4/00</u> ; coating by vacuum evaporation <u>C23C 14/00</u> )}
H05K 3/143	{ Masks therefor ( H05K 3/048 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/146	{ By vapour deposition }
H05K 3/16	by cathodic sputtering { ( covering materials by cathodic sputtering <u>C23C 14/34</u> ; discharge devices therefor <u>H01J 37/34</u> ) }
H05K 3/18	using precipitation techniques to apply the conductive material { ( chemical coating of a substrate by decomposition C23C 18/00 ) }
H05K 3/181	{ by electroless plating ( adhesives therefor <u>H05K 3/387</u> ; electroless plating in general <u>C23C 18/16</u> ) }
H05K 3/182	{ characterised by the patterning method }
H05K 3/184	{ using masks }
H05K 3/185	{ by making a catalytic pattern by photo-imaging }
H05K 3/187	{ means therefor, e.g. baths, apparatus }
H05K 3/188	{ by direct electroplating }
H05K 3/20	by affixing prefabricated conductor pattern { ( <u>H05K 1/187</u> , <u>H05K 3/046</u> , <u>H05K 3/4658</u> , <u>H05K 3/4682</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/202	{ using self-supporting metal foil pattern }
H05K 3/205	{ using a pattern electroplated or electroformed on a metallic carrier }
H05K 3/207	{ using a prefabricated paste pattern, ink pattern or powder pattern }
H05K 3/22	<ul> <li>Secondary treatment of printed circuits { ( <u>H05K 3/1283</u> takes precedence; embedding circuits in grooves by pressure <u>H05K 3/107</u> ) }</li> </ul>
H05K 3/222	{ Completing of printed circuits by adding non-printed jumper connections ( printed jumper connections H05K 3/4685 ) }
H05K 3/225	{ Correcting or repairing of printed circuits ( <u>H05K 1/0292</u> , <u>H05K 3/222</u> , <u>H05K 3/288</u> , <u>H05K 3/4685</u> take precedence ) }
H05K 3/227	{ Drying of printed circuits }
H05K 3/24	Reinforcing the conductive pattern { ( by solder coating H05K 3/3457 ) }
H05K 3/241	{ characterised by the electroplating method; means therefor, e.g. baths, apparatus ( electroplating in general <u>C25D</u> ) }
H05K 3/242	{ characterised by using temporary conductors on the printed circuit for electrically connecting areas which are to be electroplated }
H05K 3/243	{ characterised by selective plating, e.g. for finish plating of pads ( selective plating for making the circuit pattern H05K 3/108, H05K 3/182) }
H05K 3/244	{ Finish plating of conductors, especially of copper conductors, e.g. for pads or lands ( selective plating methods <u>H05K 3/243</u> ; finish plating of conductors made by printing techniques <u>H05K 3/246</u> ; solder as finish <u>H05K 3/3457</u> , e.g. by plating <u>H05K 3/3473</u> )}
H05K 3/245	{ Reinforcing conductive patterns made by printing techniques or by other techniques for applying conductive pastes, inks or powders; Reinforcing other conductive patterns by such techniques }
H05K 3/246	{ Reinforcing conductive paste, ink or powder patterns by other methods, e.g. by plating }
H05K 3/247	{ Finish coating of conductors by using conductive pastes, inks or powders }

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H05K 3/248
                                      { fired compositions for inorganic substrates }
                      . . . . .
H05K 3/249
                                      { comprising carbon particles as main constituent }
H05K 3/26
                             Cleaning or polishing of the conductive pattern
H05K 3/28
                             Applying non-metallic protective coatings { ( H05K 3/0091 takes precedence;
                             methods for intermediate insulating layers for build-up multilayer circuits H05K
                            3/4673)}
H05K 3/281
                                { by means of a preformed insulating foil ( H05K 3/284 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/282
                                { for inhibiting the corrosion of the circuit, e.g. for preserving the solderability }
H05K 3/284
                                { for encapsulating mounted components ( H05K 1/185 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/285
                                { Permanent coating compositions }
H05K 3/287
                                   { Photosensitive compositions }
H05K 3/288
                                { Removal of non-metallic coatings, e.g. for repairing }
H05K 3/30
                         Assembling printed circuits with electric components, e.g. with resistor
H05K 3/301
                             { by means of a mounting structure ( H05K 3/325 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/303
                             { Surface mounted components, e.g. affixing before soldering, aligning means,
                             spacing means ( H05K 3/32 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/305
                                { Affixing by adhesive }
H05K 3/306
                             { Lead-in-hole components, e.g. affixing or retention before soldering, spacing
                             means ( H05K 3/32 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/308
                                { Adaptations of leads ( connectors to printed circuits H01R 9/091 ) }
H05K 3/32
                            electrically connecting electric components or wires to printed circuits
H05K 3/321
                                { by conductive adhesive (in general H01R 4/04)}
H05K 3/323
                                   { by applying an anisotropic conductive adhesive layer over an array of pads
H05K 3/325
                                { by abutting or pinching, i.e. without alloying process; mechanical auxiliary
                                parts therefor ( adaptations of leads inserted in holes for press-fit connections
                                H05K 3/308)
H05K 3/326
                                   { the printed circuit having integral resilient or deformable parts, e.g. tabs or
                                   parts of flexible circuits ( H05K 3/365 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/328
                                { by welding }
H05K 3/34
                                by soldering { (soldering or desoldering apparatus H05K 13/04, B23K 1/00,
                                B23K 3/00)
H05K 3/3405
                                   { Edge mounted components, e.g. terminals }
H05K 3/341
                                   { Surface mounted components }
H05K 3/3415
                                      { on both sides of the substrate or combined with lead-in-hole
                                      components }
H05K 3/3421
                                      { Leaded components }
H05K 3/3426
                                         { characterised by the leads }
H05K 3/3431
                                      { Leadless components }
H05K 3/3436
                                         { having an array of bottom contacts, e.g. pad grid array or ball grid
                                         array components }
H05K 3/3442
                                         { having edge contacts, e.g. leadless chip capacitors, chip carriers }
H05K 3/3447
                                   { Lead-in-hole components ( H05K 3/3415 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/3452
                                   { Solder masks }
```

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H05K 3/3457
                                   { Solder materials or compositions (solder compositions per se B23K 35/24)
                      . . . .
                                   ; Methods of application thereof }
H05K 3/3463
                                       { Solder compositions in relation to features of the printed circuit board or
                      . . . . .
                                       the mounting process }
H05K 3/3468
                       . . . . .
                                       { Applying molten solder }
H05K 3/3473
                                       { Plating of solder }
H05K 3/3478
                                       { Applying solder paste, particles or preforms; Transferring prefabricated
                       . . . . .
                                       solder patterns }
H05K 3/3484
                                          { Paste or slurry or powder ( screen printing or stencil printing of solder
                       _ _ _ _ _ _
                                          paste H05K 3/1216)}
H05K 3/3489
                                   { Composition of fluxes; Methods of application thereof; Other methods of
                       . . . .
                                   activating the contact surfaces }
H05K 3/3494
                                   { Heating methods for reflowing of solder ( using integral heating means
                       . . . .
                                   H05K 1/0212)}
                          Assembling printed circuits with other printed circuits { H05K 7/142 takes precedence }
H05K 3/36
H05K 3/361
                             { Assembling flexible printed circuits with other printed circuits }
H05K 3/363
                                { by soldering }
H05K 3/365
                                { by abutting, i.e. without alloying process }
H05K 3/366
                             { substantially perpendicularly to each other ( H05K 3/361 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/368
                             { parallel to each other ( H05K 3/361 takes precedence ) }
                      . .
H05K 3/38
                          Improvement of the adhesion between the insulating substrate and the metal (
                          Laminates per se B32B)
H05K 3/381
                             { by special treatment of the substrate }
H05K 3/382
                             { by special treatment of the metal }
H05K 3/383
                                { by microetching }
H05K 3/384
                                { by plating }
                                { by conversion of the surface of the metal, e.g. by oxidation, whether or not
H05K 3/385
                                followed by reaction or removal of the converted layer }
H05K 3/386
                             { by the use of an organic polymeric bonding layer, e.g. adhesive }
                                { for electroless plating ( H05K 3/4661 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/387
                       . . .
H05K 3/388
                             { by the use of a metallic or inorganic thin film adhesion layer }
H05K 3/389
                             { by the use of a coupling agent, e.g. silane }
H05K 3/40
                          Forming printed elements for providing electric connections to or between printed
                          circuits
H05K 3/4007
                             { Surface contacts, e.g. bumps ( H05K 3/4092 takes precedence; deposition of
                             finish layers on pads H05K 3/24; forming solder bumps H05K 3/3457)
H05K 3/4015
                                { using auxiliary conductive elements, e.g. pieces of metal foil, metallic spheres
                       . . .
H05K 3/403
                             { Edge contacts; Windows or holes in the substrate having plural connections on
                      . .
                             the walls thereof ( H05K 3/4092 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4038
                             { Through-connections or via connections ( H05K 3/403 and H05K 3/42 take
                             precedence)}
H05K 3/4046
                                { using auxiliary conductive elements, e.g. metallic spheres, eyelets, pieces of
                      . . .
                                wire }
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H05K 3/4053
                                { by thick-film techniques }
H05K 3/4061
                                    { for via connections in inorganic insulating substrates }
H05K 3/4069
                                    { for via connections in organic insulating substrates }
H05K 3/4076
                                { by thin-film techniques }
H05K 3/4084
                                { by deforming at least one of the conductive layers }
H05K 3/4092
                             { Integral conductive tabs, i.e. conductive parts partly detached from the substrate }
H05K 3/42
                             Plated through-holes { or plated via connections }
H05K 3/421
                                { Blind plated via connections ( H05K 3/422 , H05K 3/423 and H05K 3/425 take
                                precedence)}
H05K 3/422
                                { characterised by electroless plating method; pretreatment therefor }
H05K 3/423
                                { characterised by electroplating method }
                       . . .
H05K 3/424
                                    { by direct electroplating }
H05K 3/425
                                { characterised by the sequence of steps for plating the through-holes or via
                                 connections in relation to the conductive pattern }
H05K 3/426
                                    { initial plating of through-holes in substrates without metal }
H05K 3/427
                                    { initial plating of through-holes in metal-clad substrates }
H05K 3/428
                                    { initial plating of through-holes in substrates having a metal pattern }
H05K 3/429
                                { Plated through-holes specially for multilayer circuits, e.g. having connections
                                to inner circuit layers }
H05K 3/44
                          Manufacture insulated metal core circuits { or other insulated electrically conductive
                          core circuits ( <u>H05K 3/0058</u> , <u>H05K 3/4641</u> , <u>H05K 3/4608</u> take precedence ) }
H05K 3/445
                             { having insulated holes or insulated via connections through the metal core }
H05K 3/46
                          Manufacturing multilayer circuits { (incorporating non-printed electric components in
                          internal layers H05K 1/185)
H05K 3/4602
                             { characterized by a special circuit board as base or central core whereon
                             additional circuit layers are built or additional circuit boards are laminated }
H05K 3/4605
                                { made from inorganic insulating material }
H05K 3/4608
                                { comprising an electrically conductive core }
H05K 3/4611
                             { by laminating two or more circuit boards ( H05K 3/4652 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4614
                                { the electrical connections between the circuit boards being made during
                                lamination }
H05K 3/4617
                                    { characterized by laminating only or mainly similar single-sided circuit
                                    boards }
H05K 3/462
                                    { characterized by laminating only or mainly similar double-sided circuit
                       . . . .
                                    boards }
H05K 3/4623
                                 { the circuit boards having internal via connections between two or more circuit
                       . . .
                                layers before lamination, e.g. double-sided circuit boards ( H05K 3/462 takes
                                precedence ) }
                                { characterised by the insulating layers or materials ( H05K 3/4688 takes
H05K 3/4626
                                precedence ) }
H05K 3/4629
                                    { laminating inorganic sheets comprising printed circuits, e.g. green ceramic
                                    sheets }
H05K 3/4632
                                    { laminating thermoplastic or uncured resin sheets comprising printed circuits
                                    without added adhesive materials between the sheets }
H05K 3/4635
                                    { laminating flexible circuit boards using additional insulating adhesive
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		materials between the boards }
H05K 3/4638		{ Aligning and fixing the circuit boards before lamination; Detecting or measuring the misalignment after lamination; Aligning external circuit patterns or via connections relative to internal circuits }
H05K 3/4641		{ having integrally laminated metal sheets or special power cores }
H05K 3/4644	vi	by building the multilayer layer by layer, i.e. build-up multilayer circuits ( making ia holes in the insulating layers <u>H05K 3/0011</u> ; special circuit boards as base or ore whereon the multilayer is built <u>H05K 3/4602</u> )
H05K 3/4647		{ by applying an insulating layer around previously made via studs }
H05K 3/465		{ by applying an insulating layer having channels for the next circuit layer }
H05K 3/4652		{ Adding a circuit layer by laminating a metal foil or a preformed metal foil pattern ( H05K 3/4647 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4655		{ by using a laminate characterized by the insulating layer ( <code>general-purpose</code> insulating materials $\underline{\text{H05K 1/03}}$ , $\underline{\text{H05K 3/4673}}$ ) }
H05K 3/4658		{ characterized by laminating a prefabricated metal foil pattern, e.g. by transfer }
H05K 3/4661		{ Adding a circuit layer by direct wet plating, e.g. electroless plating; insulating materials adapted therefor ( other insulating materials <u>H05K 3/387</u> ) }
H05K 3/4664	• • •	{ Adding a circuit layer by thick film methods, e.g. printing techniques or by other techniques for making conductive patterns by using pastes, inks or powders ( H05K 3/4647 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4667		{ characterized by using an inorganic intermediate insulating layer }
H05K 3/467		{ Adding a circuit layer by thin film methods ( $\underline{\text{H05K 3/4647}}$ takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4673		{ Application methods or materials of intermediate insulating layers not specially adapted to any one of the previous methods of adding a circuit layer ( similar methods for protective coatings $\underline{\text{H05K 3/28}}$ ) }
H05K 3/4676		{ Single layer compositions }
H05K 3/4679	• • •	{ Aligning added circuit layers or via connections relative to previous circuit layers }
H05K 3/4682	• • •	{ Manufacture of core-less build-up multilayer circuits on a temporary carrier or on a metal foil }
H05K 3/4685	{	Manufacturing of cross-over conductors }
H05K 3/4688		Composite multilayer circuits, i.e. comprising insulating layers having different roperties ( having a special base or central core <u>H05K 3/4602</u> ) }
H05K 3/4691	• • •	{ Rigid-flexible multilayer circuits comprising rigid and flexible layers, e.g. having in the bending regions only flexible layers }
H05K 3/4694		{ Partitioned multilayer circuits having adjacent regions with different properties, e.g. by adding or inserting locally circuit layers having a higher circuit density ( <a example.com="" href="https://example.com/html/&gt; &lt;a href=" html="" https:=""></a> H05K 3/4691">https://example.com/html/> H05K 3/4691 takes precedence ) }
H05K 3/4697	{	having cavities, e.g. for mounting components ( <u>H05K 3/4691</u> takes precedence )
H05K 5/00	cabinets	s, cabinets or drawers for electric apparatus (in general $\underline{A47B}$ ; radio receiver a $\underline{H04B}$ 1/08; television receiver cabinets $\underline{H04N}$ 5/64; { constructional details or ments for computers $\underline{G06F}$ 1/16})
H05K 5/0004	. { con	nprising several parts forming a closed casing }
H05K 5/0008	{	assembled by screws }

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H05K 5/0013
                            { assembled by resilient members }
H05K 5/0017
                        { with display or control units }
H05K 5/0021
                         { Side-by-side or stacked arrangements }
H05K 5/0026
                         { provided with connectors and printed circuit boards (PCB), e.g. automotive electronic
                         control units }
H05K 5/003
                            { having an integrally preformed housing }
H05K 5/0034
                            { having an overmolded housing covering the PCB }
H05K 5/0039
                            { having a tubular housing wherein the PCB is inserted longitudinally }
H05K 5/0043
                            { comprising a frame housing mating with two lids wherein the PCB is flat mounted
                            on the frame housing }
H05K 5/0047
                            { having a two-part housing enclosing a PCB }
H05K 5/0052
                               { characterized by joining features of the housing parts }
H05K 5/0056
                               { characterized by features for protecting electronic components against
                               vibration and moisture, e.g. potting, holders for relatively large capacitors }
H05K 5/006
                               { characterized by features for holding the PCB within the housing }
H05K 5/0065
                            { wherein modules are associated together, e.g. electromechanical assemblies,
                            modular structures }
H05K 5/0069
                            { having connector relating features for connecting the connector pins with the PCB
                            or for mounting the connector body with the housing }
H05K 5/0073
                            { having specific features for mounting the housing on an external structure }
H05K 5/0078
                            { specially adapted for acceleration sensors, e.g. crash sensors, airbag sensors }
H05K 5/0082
                            { specially adapted for transmission control units, e.g. gearbox controllers }
H05K 5/0086
                         { portable, e.g. battery operated apparatus ( casings for switching devices H01H 9/02 )
H05K 5/0091
                         { Housing specially adapted for small components (for resistors H01C; for capacitors
                         H01G; for integrated circuits H01L 23/00)
H05K 5/0095
                            { hermetically-sealed }
H05K 5/02
                         Details
H05K 5/0204
                            { Mounting supporting structure on the outside of casings ( mounting supporting
                            structure in casings H05K 7/14)
H05K 5/0208
                            { Interlock mechanisms; Means for avoiding unauthorised use or function, e.g.
                            tamperproof }
H05K 5/0213
                            { Thermal insulation; Venting means; Condensation eliminators }
H05K 5/0217
                            { Mechanical details of casings ( G06F 1/1613 , H01M 2/10 , H04M 1/0202 take
                            precedence)}
H05K 5/0221
                               { Locks; Latches }
H05K 5/0226
                               { Hinges ( H02B 1/38 takes precedence ) }
H05K 5/023
                               { Handles; Grips }
H05K 5/0234
                               { Feet; Stands; Pedestals, e.g. wheels for moving casing on floor }
H05K 5/0239
                               { Lids; Hoods, e.g. members for covering aperture }
H05K 5/0243
                               { for decorative purposes }
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H05K 5/0247
                             { Electrical details of casings, e.g. terminals, passages for cables or wiring }
H05K 5/0252
                             { Labels, e.g. for identification, markings or configuration store }
                      . .
H05K 5/0256
                             { of interchangeable modules or receptacles therefor, e.g. cartridge mechanisms }
H05K 5/026
                                { having standardized interfaces ( flash memory cards G06K 19/077 ) }
H05K 5/0265
                                   { of PCMCIA type }
H05K 5/0269
                                      { Card housings therefor e.g. covers, frames, PCB }
H05K 5/0273
                                      { having extensions for peripherals e.g. LAN, antennas ( details of
                                      antennas <u>H01Q 1/2275</u>)}
H05K 5/0278
                                   { of USB type ( details relating to connectors H01R 27/00 ) }
H05K 5/0282
                                { Adapters for connecting cards having a first standard in receptacles having a
                                second standard }
H05K 5/0286
                                { Receptacles therefor e.g. card slots, module sockets, card groundings }
H05K 5/0291
                                   { for multiple cards }
H05K 5/0295
                                   { having ejection mechanisms }
H05K 5/03
                            Covers
H05K 5/04
                         Metal casings
H05K 5/06
                         Hermetically-sealed casings { (specially adapted for small components H05K 5/0095)
H05K 5/061
                             { sealed by a gasket held between a removable cover and a body, e.g. O-ring,
                      . .
                             packing }
H05K 5/062
                             { sealed by a material injected between a non-removable cover and a body, e.g.
                      . .
                             hardening in situ }
H05K 5/063
                             { sealed by a labyrinth structure provided at the joining parts }
H05K 5/064
                             { sealed by potting, e.g. waterproof resin poured in a rigid casing }
H05K 5/065
                             { sealed by encapsulation, e.g. waterproof resin forming an integral casing,
                             injection moulding }
H05K 5/066
                            { sealed by fusion of the joining parts without bringing material; sealed by brazing }
H05K 5/067
                             { containing a dielectric fluid }
H05K 5/068
                            { having a pressure compensation device, e.g. membrane (venting means H05K
                             <u>5/0213</u>)}
H05K 5/069
                             { Other details of the casing, e.g. wall structure, passage for a connector, a cable, a
                             shaft }
H05K 7/00
                      Constructional details common to different types of electric apparatus (casings,
                      cabinets, drawers H05K 5/00)
H05K 7/005
                         { arrangements of circuit components without supporting structure }
H05K 7/02
                         Arrangements of circuit components or wiring on supporting structure
H05K 7/023
                             { Stackable modules }
H05K 7/026
                             { Multiple connections subassemblies }
H05K 7/04
                            on conductive chassis
H05K 7/06
                             on insulating boards { e.g. wiring harnesses ( for printed circuits H05K 1/18 , H05K
                             3/30)
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H05K 7/08
                               on perforated boards
                      . . .
H05K 7/10
                            Plug-in assemblages of components, { e.g. IC sockets (for connection on printed
                            circuit board H01R 23/6806)}
H05K 7/1007
                               { with means for increasing contact pressure at the end of engagement of
                               coupling parts }
H05K 7/1015
                               { having exterior leads }
H05K 7/1023
                                  { co-operating by abutting, e.g. flat pack }
H05K 7/103
                                  { co-operating by sliding, e.g. DIP carriers }
H05K 7/1038
                                     { with spring contact pieces ( H05K 7/1046 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/1046
                                     { J-shaped leads }
H05K 7/1053
                               { having interior leads }
H05K 7/1061
                                  { co-operating by abutting }
H05K 7/1069
                                      { with spring contact pieces }
H05K 7/1076
                                  { co-operating by sliding }
H05K 7/1084
                                      { pin grid array package carriers }
H05K 7/1092
                               { with built-in components, e.g. intelligent sockets }
H05K 7/12
                            Resilient or clamping means for holding component to structure (holding two-part
                            couplings together H01R 13/00)
H05K 7/14
                         Mounting supporting structure in casing or on frame or rack { ( H05K 7/18 takes
                         precedence; test adapters G01R 31/2808)
H05K 7/1401
                            { comprising clamping or extracting means ( H05K 7/10 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/1402
                               { for securing or extracting printed circuit boards }
H05K 7/1404
                                  { by edge clamping, e.g. wedges }
H05K 7/1405
                                  { by clips or resilient members, e.g. hooks }
H05K 7/1407
                                  { by turn-bolt or screw member }
H05K 7/1408
                                  { by a unique member which latches several boards, e.g. locking bars }
H05K 7/1409
                                  { by lever-type mechanisms }
H05K 7/1411
                               { for securing or extracting box-type drawers }
H05K 7/1412
                                  { hold down mechanisms, e.g. avionic racks }
H05K 7/1414
                               { with power interlock }
H05K 7/1415
                               { manual gripping tools }
                            { having securing means for mounting boards, plates or wiring boards ( H05K
H05K 7/1417
                      . .
                            7/1461 takes precedence)}
H05K 7/1418
                               { Card guides, e.g. grooves ( H05K 7/1425 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/142
                               { Spacers not being card guides }
H05K 7/1421
                            { Drawers for printed circuit boards }
H05K 7/1422
                            { Printed circuit boards receptacles, e.g. stacked structures, electronic circuit
                            modules or box like frames }
H05K 7/1424
                               { Card cages }
H05K 7/1425
                                  { of standardised dimensions, e.g. 19"-subrack }
H05K 7/1427
                               { Housings }
H05K 7/1428
                                  { for small modular apparatus with terminal block }
H05K 7/1429
                                  { for circuits carrying a CPU and adapted to receive expansion cards }
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H05K 7/1432
                                  { for power drive units }
H05K 7/1434
                                  { for electronics exposed to high gravitational force; Cylindrical housings }
H05K 7/1435
                               { Expandable constructions }
H05K 7/1437
                                  { for programmable controllers }
                                  WARNING
                                        As of 1.2.2012 this group is no longer used for classifying new
                                        documents; the backlog of this group is continuously reclassified to
                                        H05K 7/1462 and subgroups thereof
H05K 7/1438
                            { Back panels or connecting means therefor; Terminals; Coding means to avoid
                            wrong insertion }
H05K 7/1439
                               { Back panel mother boards }
H05K 7/1441
                                  { with a segmented structure }
H05K 7/1442
                                  { with a radial structure }
H05K 7/1444
                                  { Complex or three-dimensional-arrangements; Stepped or dual mother
                                  boards }
H05K 7/1445
                                  { with double-sided connections }
H05K 7/1447
                               { External wirings; Wiring ducts; Laying cables }
H05K 7/1448
                                  { with connections to the front board }
H05K 7/1449
                                  { with connections to the back board }
H05K 7/1451
                                  { with connections between circuit boards or units }
H05K 7/1452
                               { Mounting of connectors; Switching; Reinforcing of back panels }
H05K 7/1454
                                  { Alignment mechanisms; Drawout cases }
H05K 7/1455
                                  { Coding for prevention of wrong insertion }
H05K 7/1457
                               { Power distribution arrangements }
H05K 7/1458
                               { Active back panels; Back panels with filtering means }
H05K 7/1459
                               { Circuit configuration, e.g. routing signals }
                      . . .
H05K 7/1461
                            { Slidable card holders; Card stiffeners; Control or display means therefor }
                      . .
H05K 7/1462
                            { for programmable logic controllers [PLC } for automation and/or industrial process
                      . .
                            control (programmable logic controllers per se G05B 19/05)
H05K 7/1464
                               { Functional units accommodated in the same PLC module housing }
H05K 7/1465
                               { Modular PLC assemblies with separable functional units }
H05K 7/1467
                               { PLC mounted in a cabinet or chassis }
H05K 7/1468
                               { Mechanical features of input/output (I/O) modules }
H05K 7/1469
                                  { Terminal blocks for connecting sensors (terminal blocks in general H01R
                                  9/24)}
                                  { Modules for controlling actuators }
H05K 7/1471
H05K 7/1472
                                  { Bus coupling modules, e.g. bus distribution modules }
H05K 7/1474
                               { Mounting of modules, e.g. on a base or rail or wall }
                      . . .
H05K 7/1475
                               { Bus assemblies for establishing communication between PLC modules }
H05K 7/1477
                                  { including backplanes }
H05K 7/1478
                                  { including a segmented bus }
```

{ Retention mechanisms for CPU modules }

H05K 7/1431

H05K 7/1479	{ including decentralized modules, e.g. connected to other modules using fieldbus }
H05K 7/1481	{ User interface, e.g. status displays; Programming interface, e.g. connector for computer programming; Monitoring }
H05K 7/1482	[PLC power supply PLC accessories, e.g. for safety]
H05K 7/1484	{ Electrical diagrams relating to constructional features, e.g. signal routing within PLC; Provisions for disaster recovery, e.g. redundant systems }
H05K 7/1485	{ Servers; Data center rooms, e.g. 19-inch computer racks }
H05K 7/1487	{ Blade assembly, e.g. cases and inner arrangements }
H05K 7/1488	{ Cabinets therefore, e.g. chassis, racks }
H05K 7/1489	{ characterized by the mounting of blades therein, e.g. brackets, rails, trays ( H05K 7/1491 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/1491	{ having cable management arrangements ( management of optical cables G02B 6/444; in telecommunication cabinets H04Q 1/06)}
H05K 7/1492	{ having electrical distribution arrangements, e.g. power supply or data communications }
H05K 7/1494	{ having hardware for monitoring blades, e.g. keyboards, displays ( methods or software therefore H05K 7/1498 ) }
H05K 7/1495	{ providing data protection in case of earthquakes, floods, storms, nuclear explosions, intrusions, fire }
H05K 7/1497	{ Rooms for data centers; Shipping containers therefor }
H05K 7/1498	{ Resource management, Optimisation arrangements, e.g. configuration, identification, tracking, physical location (thermal management H05K 7/20836)
H05K 7/16	on hinges or pivots
H05K 7/18	. Construction of rack or frame
H05K 7/183	{ support rails therefor }
H05K 7/186	{ for supporting telecommunication equipment ( selecting apparatus <u>H04Q 1/02</u> ) }
H05K 7/20	. Modifications to facilitate cooling, ventilating, or heating { ( of printed circuits $\underline{\text{H05K}}$ $\underline{\text{1/0201}}$ ; of resistors $\underline{\text{H01C}}$ ; of capacitors $\underline{\text{H01G}}$ ; of individual semiconductor components $\underline{\text{H01L }23/34}$ , $\underline{\text{H01L }31/024}$ ; of LEDs $\underline{\text{H01L }33/64}$ ; of personal computers $\underline{\text{G06F }1/20}$ )}
H05K 7/20009	{ using a gaseous coolant in electronic enclosures ( in cabinets of standardized dimensions <u>H05K 7/20536</u> ; in server cabinets <u>H05K 7/20709</u> ; in vehicle electronic casings <u>H05K 7/20845</u> ; in power control electronics <u>H05K 7/2089</u> ; in displays <u>H05K 7/20954</u> )}
H05K 7/20127	{ Natural convection }
H05K 7/20136	{ Forced ventilation, e.g. by fans ( <u>H05K 7/202</u> takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/20145	{ Means for directing air flow, e.g. ducts, deflectors, plenum or guides }
H05K 7/20154	{ Heat dissipaters coupled to components }
H05K 7/20163	{ the components being isolated from air flow, e.g. hollow heat sinks, wind tunnels or funnels }
H05K 7/20172	{ Fan mounting or fan specifications ( blowers in general F04D 29/601 ) }
H05K 7/20181	{ Filters; Louvers (filters in general B01D 46/00)}
H05K 7/2019	{ Fan safe systems, e.g. mechanical devices for non stop cooling }

H05K 7/202		{ Air circulating in closed loop within enclosure wherein heat is removed through heat-exchangers }
H05K 7/20209		{ Thermal management, e.g. fan control }
H05K 7/20218		{ using a liquid coolant without phase change in electronic enclosures ( in cabinets of standardized dimensions $\underline{H05K\ 7/20536}$ ; in server cabinets $\underline{H05K\ 7/20709}$ ; in vehicle electronic casings $\underline{H05K\ 7/20845}$ ; in power control electronics $\underline{H05K\ 7/2089}$ ; in displays $\underline{H05K\ 7/20954}$ ) }
H05K 7/20236		{ by immersion }
H05K 7/20245		{ by natural convection; Thermosiphons }
H05K 7/20254		{ Cold plates transferring heat from heat source to coolant }
H05K 7/20263		{ Heat dissipaters releasing heat from coolant }
H05K 7/20272	•••	{ Accessories for moving fluid, for expanding fluid, for connecting fluid conduits, for distributing fluid, for removing gas or for preventing leakage, e.g. pumps, tanks or manifolds }
H05K 7/20281		{ Thermal management, e.g. liquid flow control }
H05K 7/2029	••	{ using a liquid coolant with phase change in electronic enclosures ( in cabinets of standardized dimensions $\underline{H05K~7/20536}$ ; in server cabinets $\underline{H05K~7/20709}$ ; in vehicle electronic casings $\underline{H05K~7/20845}$ ; in power control electronics $\underline{H05K~7/2089}$ ; in displays $\underline{H05K~7/20954}$ ) }
H05K 7/203		{ by immersion }
H05K 7/20309		{ Evaporators }
H05K 7/20318		{ Condensers }
H05K 7/20327	• • •	{ Accessories for moving fluid, for connecting fluid conduits, for distributing fluid or for preventing leakage, e.g. pumps, tanks or manifolds }
H05K 7/20336		{ Heat pipes, e.g. wicks or capillary pumps }
H05K 7/20345		{ Sprayers; Atomizers }
H05K 7/20354		{ Refrigerating circuit comprising a compressor }
H05K 7/20363		{ Refrigerating circuit comprising a sorber }
H05K 7/20372		{ Cryogenic cooling; Nitrogen liquid cooling }
H05K 7/20381		{ Thermal management, e.g. evaporation control }
H05K 7/2039		{ characterised by the heat transfer by conduction from the heat generating element to a dissipating body ( arrangements for increasing/decreasing heat-transfer, e.g. fins details, <u>F28F 13/00</u> )}
H05K 7/20409	• • •	$\{$ Outer radiating structures on heat dissipating housings, e.g. fins integrated with the housing $\}$
H05K 7/20418		{ the radiating structures being additional and fastened onto the housing }
H05K 7/20427		{ having radiation enhancing surface treatment, e.g. black coating }
H05K 7/20436	• • • •	{ Inner thermal coupling elements in heat dissipating housings, e.g. protrusions or depressions integrally formed in the housing }
H05K 7/20445		{ the coupling element being an additional piece, e.g. thermal standoff }
H05K 7/20454		<ul><li>{ with a conformable or flexible structure compensating for irregularities,</li><li>e.g. cushion bags, thermal paste }</li></ul>
H05K 7/20463		. { Filling compound, e.g. potted resin }
H05K 7/20472		. { Sheet interfaces }
H05K 7/20481		{ characterised by the material composition exhibiting specific thermal properties }
H05K 7/2049		{ Pressing means used to urge contact, e.g. springs }

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H05K 7/205
                                { Thermal paths through the printed circuit board ( PCB ) ( details of PCBs
                      . . .
                                related to heat transfer H05K 1/0201)}
H05K 7/20509
                                { Cold plates, e.g. multi-component heat spreader, support plates, non closed
                      . . .
                                structures }
H05K 7/20518
                                { Unevenly distributed heat load, e.g. different sectors at different temperatures,
                                localised cooling, hot spots }
H05K 7/20536
                             { for racks or cabinets of standardized dimensions, e.g. 19-inch electronic racks }
H05K 7/20545
                                { Natural convection of gaseous coolant; Heat transfer by conduction from
                                electronic boards }
H05K 7/20554
                                { Forced ventilation of a gaseous coolant (in closed loop H05K 7/206 or H05K
                      . . .
                                7/20609 or H05K 7/20618)
H05K 7/20563
                                   { within sub-racks for removing heat from electronic boards }
H05K 7/20572
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from sub-racks, e.g. plenum }
H05K 7/20581
                                      { Cabinets including a drawer for fans }
H05K 7/2059
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets, e.g. by air conditioning
                      . . . .
                                   device }
H05K 7/206
                                { Air circulating in closed loop within cabinets wherein heat is removed through
                      . . .
                                air-to-air heat-exchanger }
H05K 7/20609
                                { Air circulating in closed loop within cabinets wherein heat is removed through
                                air-to-liquid heat-exchanger }
H05K 7/20618
                                { Air circulating in different modes under control of air guidance flaps }
H05K 7/20627
                                { Liquid coolant without phase change }
H05K 7/20636
                                   { within sub-racks for removing heat from electronic boards }
H05K 7/20645
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from sub-racks }
H05K 7/20654
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets }
H05K 7/20663
                                { Liquid coolant with phase change, e.g. heat pipes }
H05K 7/20672
                                   { within sub-racks for removing heat from electronic boards }
H05K 7/20681
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from sub-racks }
H05K 7/2069
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets }
H05K 7/207
                                { Thermal management, e.g. cabinet temperature control }
H05K 7/20709
                             { for server racks or cabinets; for data centers, e.g. 19-inch computer racks }
H05K 7/20718
                                { Forced ventilation of a gaseous coolant (in closed loop H05K 7/20754)}
H05K 7/20727
                                   { within server blades for removing heat from heat source }
H05K 7/20736
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from server blades }
H05K 7/20745
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets, e.g. by air conditioning
                                   device }
H05K 7/20754
                                { Air circulating in closed loop within cabinets }
                      . . .
H05K 7/20763
                                { Liquid cooling without phase change }
                      . . .
H05K 7/20772
                                   { within server blades for removing heat from heat source }
H05K 7/20781
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from server blades }
H05K 7/2079
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets }
H05K 7/208
                                { Liquid cooling with phase change }
H05K 7/20809
                                   { within server blades for removing heat from heat source }
H05K 7/20818
                                   { within cabinets for removing heat from server blades }
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H05K 7/20827
                                   { within rooms for removing heat from cabinets, e.g. air conditioning devices
                      . . . .
H05K 7/20836
                               { Thermal management, e.g. server temperature control }
                      . . .
H05K 7/20845
                            { for vehicle electronic casings }
H05K 7/20854
                               { Heat transfer by conduction from internal heat source to heat radiating
                               structure ( H05K 7/20863 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/20863
                               { Forced ventilation, e.g. on heat dissipaters coupled to components }
H05K 7/20872
                               { Liquid coolant without phase change }
H05K 7/20881
                               { Liquid coolant with phase change }
H05K 7/2089
                            { for power electronics, e.g. for inverters for controlling motor }
H05K 7/209
                               { Heat transfer by conduction from internal heat source to heat radiating
                               structure ( H05K 7/20909 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/20909
                               { Forced ventilation, e.g. on heat dissipaters coupled to components }
H05K 7/20918
                                   { the components being isolated from air flow, e.g. hollow heat sinks, wind
                      . . . .
                                   tunnels or funnels }
H05K 7/20927
                               { Liquid coolant without phase change }
H05K 7/20936
                               { Liquid coolant with phase change }
H05K 7/20945
                               { Thermal management, e.g. inverter temperature control }
H05K 7/20954
                            { for display panels ( cooling means for computer displays G06F 1/20; heating or
                            cooling of liquid crystal cells G02F 1/133382; cooling for projectors G03B 21/16;
                            plasma display panels per se H01J 17/49)
H05K 7/20963
                               { Heat transfer by conduction from internal heat source to heat radiating
                               structure ( H05K 7/20972 takes precedence ) }
H05K 7/20972
                               { Forced ventilation, e.g. on heat dissipaters coupled to components }
H05K 7/20981
                               { Liquid coolant without phase change }
H05K 7/2099
                               { Liquid coolant with phase change }
H05K 9/00
                      Screening of apparatus or components against electric or magnetic fields ( devices
                      for absorbing radiation from an aerial H01Q 17/00; { screening of semiconductor devices
                      H01L 24/00, H01L 23/58; screening structurally associated with dynamo-electric
                      machines H02K 11/00; shielding against nuclear radiation G21F))
H05K 9/0001
                         { Rooms, chambers (building construction in general <u>E04B</u>; anechoic room <u>G01R</u>
                         29/0821; Nuclear magnetic resonance G01R 33/42)}
H05K 9/0003
                            { Shielded walls, floors, ceilings, e.g. wallpaper, wall panel, electro-conductive
                            plaster, concrete, cement, mortar }
H05K 9/0005
                            { Shielded windows ( window for building construction in general E06B 5/00 ) }
H05K 9/0007
                         { Casings ( standardised racks H05K 9/00 C ) }
H05K 9/0009
                            { with provisions to reduce EMI leakage through the joining parts }
H05K 9/0015
                            { Gaskets or seals }
H05K 9/0016
                               { having a spring contact }
H05K 9/0018
                            { with provisions to reduce aperture leakages in walls, e.g. terminals, connectors,
                            cables }
H05K 9/002
                            { with localised screening }
H05K 9/0022
                               { of components mounted on printed circuit boards [PCB } ( shields integrated
                               within component packages H01L 23/552; shields integrated within PCB H05K
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1/0218])
H05K 9/0024
                                   { Shield cases mounted on a PCB, e.g. cans, caps, conformal shields }
                      . . . .
H05K 9/0026
                                      { integrally formed from metal sheet }
H05K 9/0028
                                         { with retainers or specific soldering features }
H05K 9/003
                                      { made from electro-conductive plastic material or combining different
                      . . . . .
                                      shielding materials }
H05K 9/0032
                                      { having multiple parts, e.g. frames mating with lids }
                      _ _ _ _ _
H05K 9/0033
                                         { disposed on both PCB faces }
                      . . . . . .
H05K 9/0035
                                         { with retainers mounted beforehand on the PCB, e.g. clips }
H05K 9/0037
                                   { Housings with compartments containing a PCB, e.g. partitioning walls }
H05K 9/0039
                                { Ground layout on printed circuit board }
                      . . .
H05K 9/0041
                             { Ventilation panels having provisions for screening }
                      . .
H05K 9/0043
                             { being flexible containers, e.g. pouch, pocket, bag }
H05K 9/0045
                             { being rigid plastic containers having a coating of shielding material }
H05K 9/0047
                             { being rigid plastic containers having conductive particles, fibres or mesh embdded
                      . .
                             therein }
H05K 9/0049
                             { being metallic containers }
H05K 9/005
                             { being nesting containers }
H05K 9/0052
                             { Shielding other than Faraday cages }
H05K 9/0054
                             { specially adapted for display applications }
H05K 9/0056
                             { specially adapted for microwave applications }
H05K 9/0058
                             { specially adapted for optoelectronic applications }
                      . .
H05K 9/006
                             { specially adapted for signal processing applications, e.g. CATV, tuner, antennas
                             amplifier }
H05K 9/0062
                         { Structures of standardised dimensions, e.g. 19" rack, chassis for servers or
                          telecommunications }
H05K 9/0064
                      . { Earth or grounding circuit }
H05K 9/0066
                         { Constructional details of transient suppressor (protective circuit H02H)}
H05K 9/0067
                         { Devices for protecting against damage from electrostatic discharge ( materials see
                          H05K 9/0079 ) }
H05K 9/0069
                         { Methods for measuring the shielding efficiency; Apparatus therefor; Isolation
                          container for testing }
H05K 9/0071
                      . { Active shielding }
H05K 9/0073
                        { Shielding materials ( H05K 9/0003 takes precedence ) }
H05K 9/0075
                             { Magnetic shielding materials ( magnetic material in general H01F 1/00; for
                             electrical motor H02K 11/00; for transformer H01F 27/28)
H05K 9/0077
                                { comprising superconductors ( superconductors in general H01L 39/00 ) }
                      . . .
H05K 9/0079
                             { Electrostatic discharge protection, e.g. ESD treated surface for rapid dissipation
                             of charges }
H05K 9/0081
                             { Electromagnetic shielding materials, e.g. EMI, RFI shielding ( H05K 9/0003 takes
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	precedence)}
H05K 9/0083	{ comprising electro-conductive non-fibrous particles embedded in an electrically insulating supporting structure, e.g. powder, flakes, whiskers ( <a href="https://doi.org/10.1086/by/h0086">https://doi.org/10.1086/by/h0086</a> takes precedence ) }
H05K 9/0084	{ comprising a single continuous metallic layer on an electrically insulating supporting structure, e.g. metal foil, film, plating coating, electro-deposition, vapour-deposition }
H05K 9/0086	{ comprising a single discontinuous metallic layer on an electrically insulating supporting structure, e.g. metal grid, perforated metal foil, film, aggregated flakes, sintering }
H05K 9/0088	{ comprising a plurality of shielding layers; combining different shielding material structure }
H05K 9/009	{ comprising electro-conductive fibres, e.g. metal fibres, carbon fibres metallised textile fibres, electro-conductive mesh, woven, non-woven mat, fleece, cross-linked ( Screening during electrotherapy A61N 1/16 ) }
H05K 9/0092	{ comprising electro-conductive pigments, e.g. paint, ink, tampon printing }
H05K 9/0094	{ being light-transmitting, e.g. transparent, translucent }
H05K 9/0096	{ for television displays, e.g. plasma display panel }
H05K 9/0098	{ for shielding electrical cables }
H05K 10/00	Arrangements for improving the operating reliability of electronic equipment, e.g. by providing a similar standby unit
H05K 11/00	Combination of a radio or television receiver with apparatus having a different
	main function { ( combined with clocks <u>G04B 47/00</u> ; controlled by a clock <u>G04C 21/28</u> ) }
H05K 11/02	
	main function { ( combined with clocks G04B 47/00 ; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28 ) }
H05K 11/02	main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}  with vehicles  Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00	main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}  with vehicles  Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00 H05K 13/0007	main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}  with vehicles  Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components  using handtools (for mounting on a circuit board H05K 13/0447)}
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00 H05K 13/0007 H05K 13/0015	<ul> <li>main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00 ; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28 ) }</li> <li>with vehicles</li> <li>Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components</li> <li>{ using handtools ( for mounting on a circuit board H05K 13/0447 ) }</li> <li>{ Orientation; Alignment; Positioning }</li> <li>{ Making assemblies of electric components, e.g. modules ( H05K 13/04 take precedence ) }</li> </ul>
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00 H05K 13/0007 H05K 13/0015 H05K 13/0023	<ul> <li>main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}</li> <li>with vehicles</li> <li>Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components</li> <li>{ using handtools (for mounting on a circuit board H05K 13/0447)}</li> <li>{ Orientation; Alignment; Positioning }</li> <li>{ Making assemblies of electric components, e.g. modules (H05K 13/04 take)</li> </ul>
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00 H05K 13/0007 H05K 13/0015 H05K 13/0023 H05K 13/003	<ul> <li>main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}</li> <li>with vehicles</li> <li>Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components</li> <li>{ using handtools (for mounting on a circuit board H05K 13/0447)}</li> <li>{ Orientation; Alignment; Positioning }</li> <li>{ Making assemblies of electric components, e.g. modules (H05K 13/04 take precedence)}</li> <li>{ Placing of components on belts holding the terminals}</li> </ul>
H05K 11/02 H05K 13/00 H05K 13/0007 H05K 13/0015 H05K 13/0023 H05K 13/003 H05K 13/0038	main function { (combined with clocks G04B 47/00; controlled by a clock G04C 21/28)}  with vehicles  Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing or adjusting assemblages of electric components  using handtools (for mounting on a circuit board H05K 13/0447)}  forientation; Alignment; Positioning}  Making assemblies of electric components, e.g. modules (H05K 13/04 take precedence)}  Placing of components on belts holding the terminals}  placing the components in a predetermined order}  Encapsulation of electrical assemblies in resins (hermetically-sealed casings H05K)

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circuit boards }
H05K 13/0069
                            { Holders for printed circuit boards }
H05K 13/0076
                             { Straightening or aligning terminal leads of pins mounted on boards, during
                             transport of the boards (during the mounting operation, after fitting components on
                             the board <u>H05K 13/0473</u>)}
H05K 13/0084
                         { Containers and magazines for components, e.g. tube-like magazines }
H05K 13/0092
                         { Treatment of the terminal leads as a seperate operation (during transport H05K
                          13/0076, H05K 13/023; during mounting H05K 13/04) }
H05K 13/02
                         Feeding of components (in general B65G)
                            { Loading or unloading of containers ( H05K 13/028 takes precedence ) }
H05K 13/021
H05K 13/022
                             { with orientation of the elements (orientation while mounting H05K 13/0413; in
                             general B23P 19/00)
H05K 13/023
                             { with bending or straightening of the terminal leads (bending and cutting after the
                             mounting on a p.c. board <u>H05K 13/0473</u>)}
H05K 13/024
                                { Straightening or aligning terminal leads }
H05K 13/025
                                   { of components having oppositely extending terminal leads }
H05K 13/026
                                   { of components having terminal leads in side by side relationship, e.g. using
                                   combing elements }
H05K 13/027
                             { Fluid transport of components }
H05K 13/028
                             { Simultaneously loading a plurality of loose objects, e.g. by means of vibrations,
                            pressure differences, magnetic fields }
H05K 13/029
                             { Feeding axial lead components, e.g. using vibrating bowls, magnetic fields ( <u>H05K</u>
                             13/022 takes precedence)}
H05K 13/04
                         Mounting of components { e.g. of leadless components }
H05K 13/0404
                             { pick and place heads or apparatus, e.g. with jaws }
H05K 13/0408
                                { incorporating a sucking device ( H05K 13/0413 takes precedence ) }
H05K 13/0413
                                { with orientation of the component while holding it ( orientation while feeding
                                H05K 13/022)
H05K 13/0417
                             { Feeding with belts }
                      . .
H05K 13/0421
                                { with treatment of the terminal leads ( bending and cutting after fitting on a
                                circuit board <u>H05K 13/0473</u>)}
H05K 13/0426
                                { for components being oppositely extending terminal leads ( H05K 13/0421
                                takes precedence)}
H05K 13/043
                             { Feeding one by one by other means than belts }
H05K 13/0434
                                { with containers }
H05K 13/0439
                                { incorporating means for treating the terminal leads only before insertion }
H05K 13/0443
                                { incorporating means for treating the terminal leads before and after insertion
                      . . .
                                or only after insertion }
H05K 13/0447
                            { Hand tools therefor }
H05K 13/0452
                            { different components being guided to the same mounting place }
H05K 13/0456
                             { simultaneously punching the circuit board }
                      . .
H05K 13/046
                             { Surface mounting (surface mounted components H05K 3/341)}
                      . .
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H05K 13/0465 { by soldering ( H05K 13/0469 takes precedence; soldering apparatus in . . . general B23K)} H05K 13/0469 { by applying a glue or viscous material } . . . H05K 13/0473 { Cutting and clinching the terminal ends of the leads after they are fitted on a circuit board (during transport H05K 13/0076)} H05K 13/0478 { Simultaneously mounting of different components } H05K 13/0482 { using templates; using magazines, the configuration of which corresponds to . . . the sites on the boards where the components have to be attached } H05K 13/0486 { Replacement and removal of components } H05K 13/0491 { Hand tools therefor } . . . H05K 13/0495 { having a plurality of work-stations } H05K 13/06 Wiring by machine H05K 13/065 { Accessories therefor, e.g. light spots } H05K 13/08 Monitoring manufacture of assemblages **Guide heading:** Dummy groups for the purpose of scheme testing, logistics of documents or the H05K 999/00 dummy group **WARNING** This group and its subgroups are not> real classification places. They are used only for the purpose of scheme testing, logistics of documents or the like. H05K 999/99 dummy group **Guide heading:** H05K 2003/00 Apparatus or processes for manufacturing printed circuits (photomechanical production of textured or patterned surfaces, materials or originals therefor, apparatus specially adapted therefor, in general G03F; involving the manufacture of semiconductor devices H01L) H05K 2003/40 Forming printed elements for providing electric connections to or between printed circuits H05K 2003/4007 { Surface contacts, e.g. bumps ( H05K 3/4092 takes precedence; deposition of finish layers on pads H05K 3/24; forming solder bumps H05K 3/3457)} H05K 2003/4023 combined with holes through the substrate H05K 2007/00 Constructional details common to different types of electric apparatus (casings, cabinets, drawers H05K 5/00) H05K 2007/20 Modifications to facilitate cooling, ventilating, or heating { ( of printed circuits H05K

1/0201; of resistors H01C; of capacitors H01G; of individual semiconductor

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nents H01L 23/34, H01L 31/024; of LEDs H01L 33/64; of personal computers G06F
                         <u>1/20</u>)
H05K 2007/20009
                            { using a gaseous coolant in electronic enclosures (in cabinets of standardized
                            dimensions H05K 7/20536; in server cabinets H05K 7/20709; in vehicle electronic
                            casings H05K 7/20845; in power control electronics H05K 7/2089; in displays
                            H05K 7/20954)}
H05K 2007/20018
                               with forced ventilation, e.g. by fans
H05K 2007/20027
                                  in enclosures
                      . . . .
H05K 2007/20036
                                  in cabinets or racks
                      . . . .
H05K 2007/20045
                                     Drawers for fans
                      . . . . .
H05K 2007/20054
                                     with directed air flow, e.g. ducts, plenums
                      . . . . .
H05K 2007/20063
                                        divided into a plurality of air streams
                      . . . . . .
H05K 2007/20072
                                  directly onto components
                      . . . .
                                  Baffles
H05K 2007/20081
                                  in combination with heat sinks
H05K 2007/2009
                                  Fan mounting or specification
                                  Filters
H05K 2007/201
                                  Fail safe systems, e.g. for non stop cooling
H05K 2007/20109
                                  Control circuits therefor
H05K 2007/20118
                               using an internal cooling separated from the external cooling, e.g. with
                      . . .
                               heat-exchange
H05K 2007/20218
                            { using a liquid coolant without phase change in electronic enclosures (in cabinets
                            of standardized dimensions H05K 7/20536; in server cabinets H05K 7/20709; in
                            vehicle electronic casings H05K 7/20845; in power control electronics H05K
                            7/2089; in displays H05K 7/20954)}
H05K 2007/20227
                               using evaporating liquids, e.g. freon cooling, heat pipes
                      . . .
H05K 2007/2039
                            { characterised by the heat transfer by conduction from the heat generating
                            element to a dissipating body (arrangements for increasing/decreasing
                            heat-transfer, e.g. fins details, F28F 13/00)
H05K 2007/204
                               from one or a few components
                      . . .
H05K 2007/20527
                            characterised by a construction combining different cooling means, e.g. heat sinks
                            in combination with heat pipes
H05K 2009/00
                      Screening of apparatus or components against electric or magnetic fields (devices
                      for absorbing radiation from an aerial H01Q 17/00; { screening of semiconductor devices
                      H01L 24/00, H01L 23/58; screening structurally associated with dynamo-electric
                      machines H02K 11/00; shielding against nuclear radiation G21F)
                      . { Casings ( standardised racks H05K 9/00 C ) }
H05K 2009/0007
H05K 2009/0009
                            { with provisions to reduce EMI leakage through the joining parts }
H05K 2009/0011
                               Containing synthetic resin
H05K 2009/0013
                               superconductor achieving a magnetic shielding
Guide heading:
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Indexing scheme relating to printed circuits covered by H05K 1/00

H05K 2201/00

ing /0314 )
<u>/0314</u> )
alate
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pacitor
capacitor
multilayer
i

H05K 2201/023		Hard particles, i.e. particles in conductive adhesive at least partly penetrating an electrode
H05K 2201/0233		Deformable particles (insulating particles having an electrically conductive coating <u>H05K 2201/0221</u> )
H05K 2201/0236		Plating catalyst as filler in insulating material ( catalytic ink H05K 2203/0709 )
H05K 2201/0239		Coupling agent for particles ( using a coupling agent to improve the adhesion between an insulating substrate and a metal <u>H05K 3/389</u> )
H05K 2201/0242		Shape of an individual particle
H05K 2201/0245		Flakes, flat particles or lamellar particles
H05K 2201/0248		Needles or elongated particles Elongated cluster of chemically bonded particles ( microfibers <u>H05K</u> 2201/0251; stacked conductors <u>H05K 2201/0379</u> )
H05K 2201/0251		Non-conductive microfibers ( relatively short elongated particles <u>H05K</u> <u>2201/0248</u> )
H05K 2201/0254		Microballoons or hollow filler particles
H05K 2201/0257		Nanoparticles (inks comprising nanoparticles <u>H05K 1/097</u> )
H05K 2201/026		Nanotubes or nanowires
H05K 2201/0263		Details about a collection of particles
H05K 2201/0266		Size distribution
H05K 2201/0269		Non-uniform distribution or concentration of particles
H05K 2201/0272		Mixed conductive particles, i.e. using different conductive particles, e.g. differing in shape
H05K 2201/0275		Fibers and reinforcement materials
H05K 2201/0278		Polymeric fibers
H05K 2201/0281		Conductive fibers
H05K 2201/0284	• • • •	Paper, e.g. as reinforcement ( paper sheet substrates <u>H05K 1/0386</u> )
H05K 2201/0287	• • • •	Unidirectional or parallel fibers
H05K 2201/029	• • • •	Woven fibrous reinforcement or textile ( textile substrates <u>H05K 1/038</u> )
H05K 2201/0293	• • • •	Non-woven fibrous reinforcement
H05K 2201/0296		Fibers with a special cross-section, e.g. elliptical
H05K 2201/03	. Co	onductive materials
H05K 2201/0302		Properties and characteristics in general
H05K 2201/0305		Solder used for other purposes than connections between PCB or components, e.g. for filling vias or for programmable patterns
H05K 2201/0308		Shape memory alloy [SMA]
H05K 2201/0311	•••	Metallic part with specific elastic properties, e.g. bent piece of metal as electrical contact
H05K 2201/0314		Elastomeric connector or conductor, e.g. rubber with metallic filler ( elastomeric dielectric <u>H05K 2201/0133</u> )
H05K 2201/0317		Thin film conductor layer Thin film passive component
H05K 2201/032		Materials
H05K 2201/0323		Carbon
H05K 2201/0326		Inorganic, non-metallic conductor, e.g. indium-tin oxide [ITO]

H05K 2201/0329	Intrinsically conductive polymer [ICP] Semiconductive polymer
H05K 2201/0332	Structure of the conductor
H05K 2201/0335	Layered conductors or foils
H05K 2201/0338	Layered conductor, e.g. layered metal substrate, layered finish layer, layered thin film adhesion layer (etched tri-metal structure H05K 2201/0361)
H05K 2201/0341	Intermediate metal, e.g. before reinforcing of conductors by plating
H05K 2201/0344	Electroless sublayer, e.g. Ni, Co, Cd or Ag Transferred electroless sublayer
H05K 2201/0347	Overplating, e.g. for reinforcing conductors or bumps Plating over filled vias ( reinforcing the conductive pattern H05K 3/24 )
H05K 2201/035	Paste overlayer, i.e. conductive paste or solder paste over conductive layer
H05K 2201/0352	Differences between the conductors of different layers of a multilayer
H05K 2201/0355	Metal foils
H05K 2201/0358	Resin coated copper [RCC]
H05K 2201/0361	Etched tri-metal structure, i.e. metal layers or metal patterns on both sides of a different central metal layer which is later at least partly etched
H05K 2201/0364	Conductor shape
H05K 2201/0367	Metallic bump or raised conductor not used as solder bump ( solder materials or compositions and methods of application thereof <u>H05K 3/3457</u> )
H05K 2201/037	Hollow conductors, i.e. conductors partially or completely surrounding a void, e.g. hollow waveguides
H05K 2201/0373	Conductors having a fine structure, e.g. providing a plurality of contact points with a structured tool (providing micro- or nanometer scale roughness on a metal surface H05K 2203/0307)
H05K 2201/0376	Flush conductors, i.e. flush with the surface of the printed circuit
H05K 2201/0379	Stacked conductors
H05K 2201/0382	Continuously deformed conductors
H05K 2201/0385	Displaced conductors
H05K 2201/0388	Other aspects of conductors
H05K 2201/0391	Using different types of conductors
H05K 2201/0394	Conductor crossing over a hole in the substrate
H05K 2201/0397	Tab (forming integral conductive tabs <u>H05K 3/4092</u> )
H05K 2201/04	. Assemblies of printed circuits
H05K 2201/041	<ul> <li>Stacked PCBs, i.e. having neither an empty space nor mounted components in between</li> </ul>
H05K 2201/042	<ul> <li>Stacked spaced PCBs         Planar parts of folded flexible circuits having mounted components in between or spaced from each other     </li> </ul>
H05K 2201/043	Stacked PCBs with their backs attached to each other without electrical connection
H05K 2201/044	Details of backplane or midplane for mounting orthogonal PCBs
H05K 2201/045	Hierarchy auxiliary PCB, i.e. more than two levels of hierarchy for daughter PCBs are important
H05K 2201/046	Planar parts of folded PCBs making an angle relative to each other ( assembling printed circuits perpendicularly to each other <u>H05K 3/366</u> )

H05K 2201/047 Box-like arrangements of PCBs H05K 2201/048 Second PCB mounted on first PCB by inserting in window or holes of the first PCB . . H05K 2201/049 PCB for one component, e.g. for mounting onto mother PCB H05K 2201/05 Flexible printed circuits [FPCs] H05K 2201/051 Rolled H05K 2201/052 **Branched** H05K 2201/053 Tails . . H05K 2201/055 Folded back on itself . . H05K 2201/056 Folded around rigid support or component . . H05K 2201/057 Shape retainable H05K 2201/058 Direct connection between two or more FPCs or between flexible parts of rigid **PCBs** H05K 2201/06 Thermal details H05K 2201/062 Means for thermal insulation, e.g. for protection of parts H05K 2201/064 Fluid cooling, e.g. by integral pipes H05K 2201/066 Heatsink mounted on the surface of the PCB (heatsink inserted in the PCB H05K . . 2201/10416) H05K 2201/068 wherein the coefficient of thermal expansion is important H05K 2201/07 Electric details H05K 2201/0707 Shielding H05K 2201/0715 provided by an outer layer of PCB . . . H05K 2201/0723 provided by an inner layer of PCB . . . H05K 2201/073 High voltage adaptations (overvoltage protection H05K 1/0257) H05K 2201/0738 Use of voltage responsive materials, e.g. voltage switchable dielectric or varistor materials H05K 2201/0746 Protection against transients, e.g. layout adapted for plugging of connector . . . H05K 2201/0753 Insulation . . H05K 2201/0761 Insulation resistance, e.g. of the surface of the PCB between the conductors . . . H05K 2201/0769 Anti metal-migration, e.g. avoiding tin whisker growth H05K 2201/0776 Resistance and impedance . . H05K 2201/0784 Uniform resistance, i.e. equalizing the resistance of a number of conductors . . . H05K 2201/0792 Means against parasitic impedance . . . Means against eddy currents H05K 2201/08 Magnetic details H05K 2201/083 Magnetic materials H05K 2201/086 for inductive purposes, e.g. printed inductor with ferrite core . . . H05K 2201/09 Shape and layout H05K 2201/09009 Substrate related H05K 2201/09018 Rigid curved substrate . . . H05K 2201/09027

Non-rectangular flat PCB, e.g. circular

H05K 2201/09036		Recesses or grooves in insulating substrate ( recess in metallic substrate <u>H05K</u> 2201/09745 )
H05K 2201/09045		Locally raised area or protrusion of insulating substrate ( rigid curved substrate H05K 2201/09018 )
H05K 2201/09054		Raised area or protrusion of metal substrate
H05K 2201/09063		Holes or slots in insulating substrate not used for electrical connections
H05K 2201/09072	• • •	Hole or recess under component or special relationship between hole and component
H05K 2201/09081		Tongue or tail integrated in planar structure, e.g. obtained by cutting from the planar structure
H05K 2201/0909		Preformed cutting or breaking line
H05K 2201/091		Locally and permanently deformed areas including dielectric material
H05K 2201/09109		Locally detached layers, e.g. in multilayer
H05K 2201/09118		Moulded substrate
H05K 2201/09127		PCB or component having an integral separable or breakable part
H05K 2201/09136		Means for correcting warpage
H05K 2201/09145		Edge details
H05K 2201/09154		Bevelled, chamferred or tapered edge
H05K 2201/09163		Slotted edge
H05K 2201/09172		Notches between edge pads
H05K 2201/09181		Notches in edge pads
H05K 2201/0919		Exposing inner circuit layers or metal planes at the side edge of the PCB or at the walls of large holes (shielding provided by an inner layer of PCB H05K 2201/0723)
H05K 2201/092		Exposing inner circuit layers or metal planes at the walls of high aspect ratio holes (forming plated-through holes <u>H05K 3/42</u> ; cutting around hole <u>H05K 2203/0242</u> )
H05K 2201/09209		Shape and layout details of conductors
H05K 2201/09218		Conductive traces
H05K 2201/09227		Layout details of a plurality of traces, e.g. escape layout for Ball Grid Array [BGA] mounting
H05K 2201/09236		Parallel layout ( layout of balanced signal pairs <u>H05K 1/0245</u> ; superposed layout <u>H05K 2201/09672</u> )
H05K 2201/09245		Crossing layout ( alternating conductors H05K 2201/097)
H05K 2201/09254		Branched layout
H05K 2201/09263		Meander
H05K 2201/09272		Layout details of angles or corners
H05K 2201/09281		Layout details of a single conductor ( meander <u>H05K 2201/09263</u> ; layout details of angles or corners <u>H05K 2201/09272</u> )
H05K 2201/0929		Conductive planes
H05K 2201/093	••••	Layout of power planes, ground planes or power supply conductors, e.g. having special clearance holes therein ( reduction of cross-talk, noise or interference by patterned shielding planes, ground planes or power planes H05K 1/0224)
H05K 2201/09309		Core having two or more power planes Capacitive laminate of two power planes

H05K 2201/09318	Core having one signal plane and one power plane
H05K 2201/09327	Special sequence of power, ground and signal layers in multilayer PCB
H05K 2201/09336	Signal conductors in same plane as power plane
H05K 2201/09345	Power and ground in the same plane Power planes for two voltages in one plane
H05K 2201/09354	Ground conductor along edge of main surface ( edge contacts H05K 3/403 )
H05K 2201/09363	wherein only contours around conductors are removed for insulation
H05K 2201/09372	Pads and lands
H05K 2201/09381	Shape of non-curved single flat metallic pad, land or exposed part thereof Shape of electrode of leadless component ( notches in edge pads <u>H05K</u> 2201/09181 )
H05K 2201/0939	Curved pads, e.g. semi-circular or elliptical pads or lands
H05K 2201/094	Array of pads or lands differing from one another, e.g. in size, pitch, thickness Using different connections on the pads ( using different types of conductors H05K 2201/0391)
H05K 2201/09409	Multiple rows of pads, lands, terminals or dummy patterns Multiple rows of mounted components
H05K 2201/09418	Special orientation of pads, lands or terminals of component, e.g. radial or polygonal orientation
H05K 2201/09427	Special relation between the location or dimension of a pad or land and the location or dimension of a terminal
H05K 2201/09436	Pads or lands on permanent coating which covers the other conductors
H05K 2201/09445	Pads for connections not located at the edge of the PCB, e.g. for flexible circuits
H05K 2201/09454	Inner lands, i.e. lands around via or plated through-hole in internal layer of multilayer PCB
H05K 2201/09463	Partial lands, i.e. lands or conductive rings not completely surrounding the hole ( landless plated-through hole or via <u>H05K 2201/09545</u> )
H05K 2201/09472	Recessed pad for surface mounting ( recess in pad $\underline{\text{H05K 2201/09745}}$ ) Recessed electrode of component
H05K 2201/09481	Via in pad Pad over filled via ( if used for surface mounting H05K 1/113)
H05K 2201/0949	Pad close to a hole, not surrounding the hole ( if used for surface mounting $\underline{\text{H05K 1/114}}$ )
H05K 2201/095	Conductive through-holes or vias
H05K 2201/09509	Blind vias, i.e. vias having one side closed
H05K 2201/09518	Deep blind vias, i.e. blind vias connecting the surface circuit to circuit layers deeper than the first buried circuit layer
H05K 2201/09527	Inverse blind vias, i.e. bottoms outwards in multilayer PCB Blind vias in centre of PCB having opposed bottoms
H05K 2201/09536	Buried plated through-holes, i.e. plated through-holes formed in a core before lamination
H05K 2201/09545	Plated through-holes or blind vias without lands
H05K 2201/09554	Via connected to metal substrate
H05K 2201/09563	Metal filled via ( plated through-hole filled with insulating material <u>H05K</u> 2201/0959)
H05K 2201/09572	Solder filled plated through-hole in the final product ( soldering lead-in-hole

		components <u>H05K 3/3447</u> )
H05K 2201/09581		Applying an insulating coating on the walls of holes
H05K 2201/0959		Plated through-holes or plated blind vias filled with insulating material
H05K 2201/096		Vertically aligned vias, holes or stacked vias
H05K 2201/09609		Via grid, i.e. two-dimensional array of vias or holes in a single plane (interposers H05K 2201/10378)
H05K 2201/09618		Via fence, i.e. one-dimensional array of vias
H05K 2201/09627		Special connections between adjacent vias, not for grounding vias ( redundant conductors or connections <u>H05K 2201/0979</u> )
H05K 2201/09636		Details of adjacent, not connected vias
H05K 2201/09645		Patterning on via walls Plural lands around one hole
H05K 2201/09654	• • •	covering at least two types of conductors provided for in H05K 2201/09218 - H05K 2201/095
H05K 2201/09663		Divided layout, i.e. conductors divided in two or more parts ( branched layout H05K 2201/09254 )
H05K 2201/09672	• • • •	Superposed layout, i.e. in different planes ( parallel traces in one plane H05K 2201/09236 )
H05K 2201/09681		Mesh conductors, e.g. as a ground plane
H05K 2201/0969		Apertured conductors
H05K 2201/097		Alternating conductors, e.g. alternating different shaped pads, twisted pairs Alternating components
H05K 2201/09709		Staggered pads, lands or terminals Parallel conductors in different planes
H05K 2201/09718		Clearance holes
H05K 2201/09727		Varying width along a single conductor Conductors or pads having different widths
H05K 2201/09736		Varying thickness of a single conductor Conductors in the same plane having different thicknesses
H05K 2201/09745		Recess in conductor, e.g. in pad or in metallic substrate
H05K 2201/09754		Connector integrally incorporated in the PCB or in housing ( mounted connecter <u>H05K 2201/10189</u> )
H05K 2201/09763	• • • •	Printed component having superposed conductors, but integrated in one circuit layer
H05K 2201/09772	••••	Conductors directly under a component but not electrically connected to the component ( cooling of mounted components by printed thermal vias <u>H05K</u> <u>1/0206</u> )
H05K 2201/09781		Dummy conductors, i.e. not used for normal transport of current Dummy electrodes of components
H05K 2201/0979		Redundant conductors or connections, i.e. more than one current path between two points
H05K 2201/098		Special shape of the cross-section of conductors, e.g. very thick plated conductors
H05K 2201/09809		Coaxial layout ( reduction of cross-talk, noise or interference by printed shielding conductors for shielding around a single via or around a group of vias H05K 1/0222 )
H05K 2201/09818		Other shape and layout details not provided for in H05K 2201/09009 - H05K 2201/09209

Shape and layout details covering several of these groups H05K 2201/09827 Tapered, e.g. tapered hole, via or groove (bevelled, chamferred or tapered . . . edge H05K 2201/09154) H05K 2201/09836 Oblique hole, via or bump H05K 2201/09845 Stepped hole, via, edge, bump or conductor H05K 2201/09854 Hole or via having special cross-section, e.g. elliptical . . . H05K 2201/09863 Concave hole or via \_ \_ \_ H05K 2201/09872 Insulating conformal coating (foil encapsulation H05K 2203/1311) . . . H05K 2201/09881 Coating only between conductors, i.e. flush with the conductors . . . H05K 2201/0989 Coating free areas, e.g. areas other than pads or lands free of solder resist . . . H05K 2201/099 Coating over pads, e.g. solder resist partly over pads . . . H05K 2201/09909 Special local insulating pattern, e.g. as dam around component . . . H05K 2201/09918 Optically detected marks used for aligning tool relative to the PCB, e.g. for . . . mounting of components H05K 2201/09927 Machine readable code, e.g. bar code H05K 2201/09936 Marks, inscriptions, etc. for information . . . Universal aspects, e.g. universal inner layers or via grid, or anisotropic H05K 2201/09945 . . . interposer H05K 2201/09954 More mounting possibilities, e.g. on same place of PCB, or by using different . . . sets of edge pads H05K 2201/09963 Programming circuit by using small elements, e.g. small PCBs . . . H05K 2201/09972 Partitioned, e.g. portions of a PCB dedicated to different functions Boundary lines therefore Portions of a PCB being processed separately or differently H05K 2201/09981 Metallised walls . . . H05K 2201/0999 Circuit printed on or in housing, e.g. housing as PCB . . . Circuit printed on the case of a component PCB affixed to housing H05K 2201/10 Details of components or other objects attached to or integrated in a printed circuit H05K 2201/10007 Types of components . . H05K 2201/10015 Non-printed capacitor . . . H05K 2201/10022 Non-printed resistor . . . H05K 2201/1003 Non-printed inductor H05K 2201/10037 Printed or non-printed battery . . . H05K 2201/10045 Mounted network component having plural terminals . . . H05K 2201/10053 Switch . . . H05K 2201/1006 Non-printed filter . . . H05K 2201/10068 Non-printed resonator H05K 2201/10075 Non-printed oscillator . . . H05K 2201/10083 Electromechanical or electro-acoustic component, e.g. microphone . . . H05K 2201/1009 Electromotor . . . H05K 2201/10098 Component for radio transmission, e.g. Radio Frequency Identification Tag . . . [RFID]

H05K 2201/10106	 Light emitting diode [LED]
H05K 2201/10113	 Lamp
H05K 2201/10121	 Optical component, e.g. opto-electronic component
H05K 2201/10128	 Display
H05K 2201/10136	 Liquid Crystal display [LCD]
H05K 2201/10143	 Solar cell
H05K 2201/10151	 Sensor
H05K 2201/10159	 Memory
H05K 2201/10166	 Transistor
H05K 2201/10174	 Diode
H05K 2201/10181	 Fuse
H05K 2201/10189	 Non-printed connector
H05K 2201/10196	 Variable component, e.g. variable resistor
H05K 2201/10204	 Dummy component, dummy PCB or template, e.g. for monitoring, controlling of processes, comparing, scanning
H05K 2201/10212	 Programmable component
H05K 2201/10219	 Thermoelectric component
H05K 2201/10227	 Other objects, e.g. metallic pieces
H05K 2201/10234	 Metallic balls ( solder balls <u>H05K 2203/041</u> )
H05K 2201/10242	 Metallic cylinders (small solder preforms other than balls H05K 2203/0415)
H05K 2201/1025	 Metallic discs (small solder preforms other than balls H05K 2203/0415)
H05K 2201/10257	 Hollow pieces of metal, e.g. used in connection between component and PCB
H05K 2201/10265	 Metallic coils or springs, e.g. as part of a connection element
H05K 2201/10272	 Busbars, i.e. thick metal bars mounted on the PCB as high-current conductors ( metal strips $\underline{\text{H05K }2201/1028}$ )
H05K 2201/1028	 Thin metal strips as connectors or conductors
H05K 2201/10287	 Metal wires as connectors or conductors
H05K 2201/10295	 Metallic connector elements partly mounted in a hole of the PCB
H05K 2201/10303	 Pin-in-hole mounted pins
H05K 2201/1031	 Surface mounted metallic connector elements
H05K 2201/10318	 Surface mounted metallic pins
H05K 2201/10325	 Sockets, i.e. female type connectors comprising metallic connector elements integrated in, or bonded to a common dielectric support
H05K 2201/10333	 Individual female type metallic connector elements
H05K 2201/1034	 Edge terminals, i.e. separate pieces of metal attached to the edge of the PCB ( tab $\underline{\text{H05K 2201/0397}}$ )
H05K 2201/10348	 Fuzz's as connector elements, i.e. small pieces of metallic fiber to make connection
H05K 2201/10356	 Cables
H05K 2201/10363	 Jumpers, i.e. non-printed cross-over connections
H05K 2201/10371	 Shields or metal cases
H05K 2201/10378	 Interposers
H05K 2201/10386	 Clip leads Terminals gripping the edge of a substrate

H05K 2201/10393	 Clamping a component by an element or a set of elements
H05K 2201/10401	 Eyelets, i.e. rings inserted into a hole through a circuit board
H05K 2201/10409	 Screws
H05K 2201/10416	 Metallic blocks or heatsinks completely inserted in a PCB ( metallic supports $\underline{\text{H05K 3/0061}}$ )
H05K 2201/10424	 Frame holders
H05K 2201/10431	 Details of mounted components ( printed components <u>H05K 1/16</u> )
H05K 2201/10439	 Position of a single component
H05K 2201/10446	 Mounted on an edge ( soldering edge mounted components $\underline{\text{H05K 3/3405}}$ ; edge terminals $\underline{\text{H05K 2201/1034}}$ )
H05K 2201/10454	 Vertically mounted
H05K 2201/10462	 Flat component oriented parallel to the PCB surface
H05K 2201/10469	 Asymmetrically mounted component
H05K 2201/10477	 Inverted
H05K 2201/10484	 Obliquely mounted
H05K 2201/10492	 Electrically connected to another device ( mounted components directly electrically connected to each other <u>H05K 2201/1053</u> )
H05K 2201/105	 Mechanically attached to another device ( attached components $\underline{\text{H05K}}$ $\underline{\text{2201/10537}}$ )
H05K 2201/10507	 Involving several components
H05K 2201/10515	 Stacked components
H05K 2201/10522	 Adjacent components
H05K 2201/1053	 Mounted components directly electrically connected to each other, i.e. not via the PCB
H05K 2201/10537	 Attached components
H05K 2201/10545	 Related components mounted on both sides of the PCB
H05K 2201/10553	 Component over metal, i.e. metal plate in between bottom of component and surface of PCB
H05K 2201/1056	 Metal over component, i.e. metal plate over component mounted on or embedded in PCB
H05K 2201/10568	 Integral adaptations of a component or an auxiliary PCB for mounting, e.g. integral spacer element
H05K 2201/10575	 Insulating foil under component ( permanent spacer or stand-off <u>H05K</u> <u>2201/2036</u> )
H05K 2201/10583	 Cylindrically shaped component Fixing means therefore
H05K 2201/1059	 Connections made by press-fit insertion
H05K 2201/10598	 Means for fastening a component, a casing or a heat sink whereby a pressure is exerted on the component towards the PCB
H05K 2201/10606	 Permanent holder for component or auxiliary PCB mounted on a PCB ( clamping a component by an element or a set of elements <u>H05K 2201/10393</u> )
H05K 2201/10613	 Details of electrical connections of non-printed components, e.g. special leads
H05K 2201/10621	 Components characterised by their electrical contacts
H05K 2201/10628	 Leaded surface mounted device ( soldering surface mounted leaded components <u>H05K 3/3421</u> )

H05K 2201/10636	 Leadless chip, e.g. chip capacitor or resistor
H05K 2201/10643	 Disc shaped leadless component
H05K 2201/10651	 Component having two leads, e.g. resistor, capacitor
H05K 2201/10659	 Different types of terminals for the same component, e.g. solder balls combined with leads
H05K 2201/10666	 Plated through-hole for surface mounting on PCB
H05K 2201/10674	 Flip chip
H05K 2201/10681	 Tape Carrier Package [TCP] Flexible sheet connector
H05K 2201/10689	 Leaded Integrated Circuit [IC] package, e.g. dual-in-line [DIL]
H05K 2201/10696	 Single-in-line [SIL] package
H05K 2201/10704	 Pin grid array [PGA]
H05K 2201/10712	 Via grid array, e.g. via grid array capacitor
H05K 2201/10719	 Land grid array [LGA]
H05K 2201/10727	 Leadless chip carrier [LCC], e.g. chip-modules for cards
H05K 2201/10734	 Ball grid array [BGA] Bump grid array
H05K 2201/10742	 Details of leads
H05K 2201/1075	 Shape details
H05K 2201/10757	 Bent leads
H05K 2201/10765	 Leads folded back, i.e. bent with an angle of 180 deg
H05K 2201/10772	 Leads of a surface mounted component bent for providing a gap between the lead and the pad during soldering
H05K 2201/1078	 Leads having locally deformed portion, e.g. for retention
H05K 2201/10787	 Leads having protrusions, e.g. for retention or insert stop
H05K 2201/10795	 Details of lead tips, e.g. pointed
H05K 2201/10803	 Tapered leads, i.e. leads having changing width or diameter
H05K 2201/1081	 Special cross-section of a lead Different cross-sections of different leads Matching cross-section, e.g. matched to a land
H05K 2201/10818	 Flat leads
H05K 2201/10825	 Distorted or twisted flat leads, i.e. deformed by torque
H05K 2201/10833	 having a curved or folded cross-section
H05K 2201/1084	 Notched leads
H05K 2201/10848	 Thinned leads
H05K 2201/10856	 Divided leads, e.g. by slot in length direction of lead, or by branching of the lead
H05K 2201/10863	 Adaptations of leads or holes for facilitating insertion
H05K 2201/10871	 Leads having an integral insert stop
H05K 2201/10878	 Means for retention of a lead in a hole
H05K 2201/10886	 Other details
H05K 2201/10893	 Grouped leads, i.e. element comprising multiple leads distributed around but not through a common insulator
H05K 2201/10901	 Lead partly inserted in hole or via

H05K 2201/10909	Materials of terminal, e.g. of leads or electrodes of components
H05K 2201/10916	Terminals having auxiliary metallic piece, e.g. for soldering
H05K 2201/10924	Leads formed from a punched metal foil (affixing a prefabricated self-supporting metal foil pattern <u>H05K 3/202</u> )
H05K 2201/10931	Exposed leads, i.e. encapsulation of component partly removed for exposing a part of lead, e.g. for soldering purposes
H05K 2201/10939	Lead of component used as a connector
H05K 2201/10946	Leads attached onto leadless component after manufacturing the component
H05K 2201/10954	Other details of electrical connections
H05K 2201/10962	Component not directly connected to the PCB
H05K 2201/10969	Metallic case or integral heatsink of component electrically connected to a pad on PCB
H05K 2201/10977	Encapsulated connections ( applying non-metallic protective coatings for encapsulating mounted components <u>H05K 3/284</u> )
H05K 2201/10984	Component carrying a connection agent, e.g. solder, adhesive (soldering leadless components having an array of bottom contacts H05K 3/3436; BGA components H05K 2201/10734)
H05K 2201/10992	Using different connection materials, e.g. different solders, for the same connection
H05K 2201/20	Details of printed circuits not provided for in H05K 2201/01 - H05K 2201/10
H05K 2201/2009	Reinforced areas, e.g. for a specific part of a flexible printed circuit
H05K 2201/2018	Presence of a frame in a printed circuit or printed circuit assembly
H05K 2201/2027	Guiding means, e.g. for guiding flexible circuits
H05K 2201/2036	<ul> <li>Permanent spacer or stand-off in a printed circuit or printed circuit assembly ( pattern for applying drops or paste <u>H05K 2203/0545</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2201/2045	Protection against vibrations
H05K 2201/2054	Light-reflecting surface, e.g. conductors, substrates, coatings, dielectrics
H05K 2201/2063	mixed adhesion layer containing metallic/inorganic and polymeric materials
H05K 2201/2072	Anchoring, i.e. one structure gripping into another (providing micro- or nanometer scale roughness on a metal surface H05K 2203/0307)
H05K 2201/2081	Compound repelling a metal, e.g. solder
H05K 2201/209	<ul> <li>Auto-mechanical connection between a component and a PCB or between two PCBs</li> </ul>
Guide heading:	
H05K 2203/00	Indexing scheme relating to apparatus or processes for manufacturing printed circuits covered by H05K 3/00
H05K 2203/01	. Tools for processing Objects used during processing
1.1051/.0000/0404	formattanda anastra

for patterning or coating

Male die used for patterning, punching or transferring

Female die used for patterning or transferring, e.g. temporary substrate having

H05K 2203/0104

H05K 2203/0108 H05K 2203/0113

	recessed pattern
H05K 2203/0117	Pattern shaped electrode used for patterning, e.g. plating or etching
H05K 2203/0121	Patterning, e.g. plating or etching by moving electrode
H05K 2203/0126	Dispenser, e.g. for solder paste, for supplying conductive paste for screen printing or for filling holes
H05K 2203/013	Inkjet printing, e.g. for printing insulating material or resist ( using ink-jet printing to form a conductive pattern <u>H05K 3/125</u> )
H05K 2203/0134	Drum, e.g. rotary drum or dispenser with a plurality of openings
H05K 2203/0139	Blade or squeegee, e.g. for screen printing or filling of holes
H05K 2203/0143	Using a roller Specific shape thereof Providing locally adhesive portions thereon
H05K 2203/0147	Carriers and holders
H05K 2203/0152	Temporary metallic carrier, e.g. for transferring material (affixing a prefabricated conductor pattern formed by electroplating or electroforming on a metallic carrier H05K 3/205)
H05K 2203/0156	Temporary polymeric carrier or foil, e.g. for processing or transferring
H05K 2203/016	Temporary inorganic, non-metallic carrier, e.g. for processing or transferring
H05K 2203/0165	Holder for holding a Printed Circuit Board [PCB] during processing, e.g. during screen printing
H05K 2203/0169	Using a temporary frame during processing
H05K 2203/0173	Template for holding a PCB having mounted components thereon
H05K 2203/0178	Projectile, e.g. for perforating substrate
H05K 2203/0182	Using a temporary spacer element or stand-off during processing
H05K 2203/0186	<ul> <li>Mask formed or laid on PCB, the mask having recesses or openings specially designed for mounting components or body parts thereof</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0191	<ul> <li>Using tape or non-metallic foil in a process, e.g. during filling of a hole with conductive paste</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0195	Tool for a process not provided for in <u>H05K 3/00</u> , e.g. tool for handling objects using suction, for deforming objects, for applying local pressure
H05K 2203/02	<ul> <li>Details related to mechanical or acoustic processing, e.g. drilling, punching, cutting, using ultrasound</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0207	<ul> <li>Partly drilling through substrate until a controlled depth, e.g. with end-point detection</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0214	Back-up or entry material, e.g. for mechanical drilling
H05K 2203/0221	Perforating
H05K 2203/0228	Cutting, sawing, milling or shearing
H05K 2203/0235	<ul> <li>Laminating followed by cutting or slicing perpendicular to plane of the laminate Embedding wires in an object and cutting or slicing the object perpendicular to direction of the wires</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0242	<ul> <li>Cutting around hole, e.g. for disconnecting land or Plated Through-Hole [PTH] or for partly removing a PTH</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/025	<ul> <li>Abrading, e.g. grinding or sand blasting (deburring, rounding, bevelling or smoothing conductor edges <u>H05K 2203/0346</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0257	Brushing, e.g. cleaning the conductive pattern by brushing or wiping
H05K 2203/0264	Peeling insulating layer, e.g. foil, or separating mask

H05K 2203/0271	Mechanical force other than pressure, e.g. shearing or pulling
H05K 2203/0278	Flat pressure, e.g. for connecting terminals with anisotropic conductive adhesive
H05K 2203/0285	Using ultrasound, e.g. for cleaning, soldering or wet treatment
H05K 2203/0292	Using vibration, e.g. during soldering or screen printing
H05K 2203/03	. Metal processing
H05K 2203/0307	<ul> <li>Providing micro- or nanometer scale roughness on a metal surface, e.g. by plating of nodules or dendrites</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0315	Oxidising metal
H05K 2203/0323	Working metal substrate or core, e.g. by etching, deforming
H05K 2203/033	Punching metal foil, e.g. solder foil (affixing a prefabricated self-supporting metal foil pattern <u>H05K 3/202</u> )
H05K 2203/0338	Transferring metal or conductive material other than a circuit pattern, e.g. bump, solder, printed component ( affixing a prefabricated conductor pattern <u>H05K 3/20</u> )
H05K 2203/0346	Deburring, rounding, bevelling or smoothing conductor edges
H05K 2203/0353	<ul> <li>Making conductive layer thin, e.g. by etching ( selective thinning for providing different thickness <u>H05K 2203/0369</u> )</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0361	<ul> <li>Stripping a part of an upper metal layer to expose a lower metal layer, e.g by etching or using a laser</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0369	Etching selective parts of a metal substrate through part of its thickness, e.g. using etch resist
H05K 2203/0376	Etching temporary metallic carrier substrate
H05K 2203/0384	Etch stop layer, i.e. a buried barrier layer for preventing etching of layers under the etch stop layer
H05K 2203/0392	Pretreatment of metal, e.g. before finish plating, etching (improvement of the adhesion between an insulating substrate and a metal by special treatment of the metal <u>H05K 3/382</u> )
H05K 2203/04	. Soldering or other types of metallurgic bonding ( using molten metal <u>H05K 2203/128</u> )
H05K 2203/0405	Solder foil, tape or wire
H05K 2203/041	<ul> <li>Solder preforms in the shape of solder balls (soldering leadless components having an array of bottom contacts <u>H05K 3/3436</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0415	Small preforms other than balls, e.g. discs, cylinders or pillars
H05K 2203/042	Remote solder depot on the PCB, the solder flowing to the connections from this depot
H05K 2203/0425	Solder powder or solder coated metal powder
H05K 2203/043	<ul> <li>Reflowing of solder coated conductors, not during connection of components, e.g. reflowing solder paste</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0435	Metal coated solder, e.g. for passivation of solder balls
H05K 2203/044	<ul> <li>Solder dip coating, i.e. coating printed conductors, e.g. pads by dipping in molten solder or by wave soldering</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0445	<ul> <li>Removing excess solder on pads removing solder bridges, e.g. for repairing or reworking</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/045	<ul> <li>Solder filled PTH during processing ( solder filled plated through-hole in the final product <u>H05K 2201/09572</u> )</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0455	PTH for surface mount device [SMD], e.g. wherein solder flows through the PTH during mounting

H05K 2203/046	Means for drawing solder, e.g. for removing excess solder from pads
H05K 2203/0465	<ul> <li>Shape of solder, e.g. differing from spherical shape, different shapes due to different solder pads</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/047	Soldering with different solders, e.g. two different solders on two sides of the PCB
H05K 2203/0475	Molten solder just before placing the component
H05K 2203/048	<ul> <li>Self-alignment during soldering</li> <li>Terminals, pads or shape of solder adapted therefor</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0485	Tacky flux, e.g. for adhering components during mounting
H05K 2203/049	Wire bonding
H05K 2203/0495	Cold welding
H05K 2203/05	Patterning and lithography     Masks     Details of resist
H05K 2203/0502	Patterning and lithography
H05K 2203/0505	Double exposure of the same photosensitive layer
H05K 2203/0508	Flood exposure
H05K 2203/0511	Diffusion patterning
H05K 2203/0514	Photodevelopable thick film, e.g. conductive or insulating paste
H05K 2203/0517	Electrographic patterning
H05K 2203/052	Magnetographic patterning
H05K 2203/0522	Using an adhesive pattern
H05K 2203/0525	Patterning by phototackifying or by photopatterning adhesive
H05K 2203/0528	Patterning during transfer, i.e. without preformed pattern, e.g. by using a die, a programmed tool or a laser
H05K 2203/0531	Decalcomania, i.e. transfer of a pattern detached from its carrier before affixing the pattern to the substrate
H05K 2203/0534	Offset printing, i.e. transfer of a pattern from a carrier onto the substrate by using an intermediate member
H05K 2203/0537	Transfer of pre-fabricated insulating pattern
H05K 2203/054	Continuous temporary metal layer over resist, e.g. for selective electroplating
H05K 2203/0542	Continuous temporary metal layer over metal pattern ( reinforcing the conductive pattern characterised by the electroplating method <u>H05K 3/241</u> )
H05K 2203/0545	Pattern for applying drops or paste Applying a pattern made of drops or paste ( using thick film techniques to apply conductive material by using a substrate with a shape pattern H05K 3/1258 )
H05K 2203/0548	Masks
H05K 2203/0551	Exposure mask directly printed on the PCB
H05K 2203/0554	Metal used as mask for etching vias, e.g. by laser ablation
H05K 2203/0557	Non-printed masks
H05K 2203/056	Using an artwork, i.e. a photomask for exposing photosensitive layers
H05K 2203/0562	Details of resist
H05K 2203/0565	Resist used only for applying catalyst, not for plating itself
H05K 2203/0568	Resist used for applying paste, ink or powder
H05K 2203/0571	Dual purpose resist, e.g. etch resist used as solder resist, solder resist used as

	plating resist
H05K 2203/0574	Stacked resist layers used for different processes
H05K 2203/0577	Double layer of resist having the same pattern
H05K 2203/058	Additional resists used for the same purpose but in different areas, i.e. not stacked
H05K 2203/0582	<ul> <li>Coating by resist, i.e. resist used as mask for application of insulating coating of second resist</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0585	Second resist used as mask for selective stripping of first resist
H05K 2203/0588	Second resist used as pattern over first resist
H05K 2203/0591	Organic non-polymeric coating, e.g. for inhibiting corrosion thereby preserving solderability
H05K 2203/0594	Insulating resist or coating with special shaped edges
H05K 2203/0597	Resist applied over the edges or sides of conductors, e.g. for protection during etching or plating (coating over pads <a href="https://example.com/H05K 2201/09818">H05K 2201/09818</a> )
H05K 2203/06	. Lamination
H05K 2203/061	of previously made multilayered subassemblies ( laminating only or mainly similar single-sided circuit boards <u>H05K 3/4617</u> ; laminating only or mainly similar double-sided circuit boards <u>H05K 3/462</u> )
H05K 2203/063	of preperforated insulating layer
H05K 2203/065	<ul> <li>Binding insulating layers without adhesive, e.g. by local heating or welding, before lamination of the whole PCB</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/066	<ul> <li>Transfer laminating of insulating material, e.g. resist as a whole layer, not as a pattern (transferring an insulating pattern <u>H05K 2203/0537</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/068	Features of the lamination press or of the lamination process, e.g. using special separator sheets
H05K 2203/07	. Treatments involving liquids, e.g. plating, rinsing
H05K 2203/0703	Plating
H05K 2203/0706	Inactivating or removing catalyst, e.g. on surface of resist
H05K 2203/0709	Catalytic ink or adhesive for electroless plating (catalyst filler H05K 2201/0236
H05K 2203/0713	Plating poison, e.g. for selective plating or for preventing plating on resist
H05K 2203/0716	Metallic plating catalysts, e.g. for direct electroplating of through holes Sensitising or activating metallic plating catalysts
H05K 2203/072	Electroless plating, e.g. finish plating or initial plating
H05K 2203/0723	Electroplating, e.g. finish plating
H05K 2203/0726	Electroforming, i.e. electroplating on a metallic carrier thereby forming a self-supporting structure
H05K 2203/073	<ul> <li>Displacement plating, substitution plating or immersion plating, e.g. for finish plating</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0733	Method for plating stud vias, i.e. massive vias formed by plating the bottom of a hole without plating on the walls
H05K 2203/0736	Methods for applying liquids, e.g. spraying
H05K 2203/074	Features related to the fluid pressure
H05K 2203/0743	Mechanical agitation of fluid, e.g. during cleaning of the conductive pattern
H05K 2203/0746	Local treatment using a fluid jet, e.g. for removing or cleaning material Providing mechanical pressure using a fluid jet

H05K 2203/075	Global treatment of printed circuits by fluid spraying, e.g. cleaning a conductive pattern using nozzles
H05K 2203/0753	Reversing fluid direction, e.g. in holes
H05K 2203/0756	Uses of liquids, e.g. rinsing, coating, dissolving
H05K 2203/0759	Forming a polymer layer by liquid coating, e.g. a non-metallic protective coating or an organic bonding layer
H05K 2203/0763	Treating individual holes or single row of holes, e.g. by nozzle
H05K 2203/0766	Rinsing, e.g. after cleaning or polishing a conductive pattern
H05K 2203/0769	<ul> <li>Dissolving insulating materials, e.g. coatings, not used for developing resist after exposure</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/0773	Dissolving the filler without dissolving the matrix material Dissolving the matrix material without dissolving the filler
H05K 2203/0776	Uses of liquids not otherwise provided for in H05K 2203/0759 - H05K 2203/0773
H05K 2203/0779	characterised by the specific liquids involved
H05K 2203/0783	Using solvent, e.g. for cleaning Regulating solvent content of pastes or coatings for adjusting the viscosity
H05K 2203/0786	Using an aqueous solution, e.g. for cleaning or during drilling of holes
H05K 2203/0789	Aqueous acid solution, e.g. for cleaning or etching
H05K 2203/0793	Aqueous alkaline solution, e.g. for cleaning or etching
H05K 2203/0796	Oxidant in aqueous solution, e.g. permanganate
H05K 2203/08	. Treatments involving gases
H05K 2203/081	Blowing of gas, e.g. for cooling or for providing heat during solder reflowing
H05K 2203/082	Suction, e.g. for holding solder balls or components
H05K 2203/083	Evaporation or sublimation of a compound, e.g. gas bubble generating agent
H05K 2203/085	Using vacuum or low pressure
H05K 2203/086	Using an inert gas
H05K 2203/087	Using a reactive gas
H05K 2203/088	Using a vapour or mist, e.g. cleaning using water vapor
H05K 2203/09	. Treatments involving charged particles
H05K 2203/092	Particle beam, e.g. using an electron beam or an ion beam
H05K 2203/095	<ul> <li>Plasma, e.g. for treating a substrate to improve adhesion with a conductor or for cleaning holes</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/097	Corona discharge
H05K 2203/10	Using electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields     Using laser light
H05K 2203/101	Using electrical induction, e.g. for heating during soldering
H05K 2203/102	Using microwaves, e.g. for curing ink patterns or adhesive
H05K 2203/104	<ul> <li>Using magnetic force, e.g. to align particles or for a temporary connection during processing</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/105	Using an electrical field Special methods of applying an electric potential ( electroplating H05K 2203/0723 )
H05K 2203/107	Using laser light ( shaping a substrate by laser ablation H05K 3/0026 )

H05K 2203/108	Using a plurality of lasers or laser light with a plurality of wavelengths
H05K 2203/11	. Treatments characterised by their effect, e.g. heating, cooling, roughening
H05K 2203/1105	<ul> <li>Heating or thermal processing not related to soldering, firing, curing or laminating,</li> <li>e.g. for shaping the substrate or during finish plating</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/111	Preheating, e.g. before soldering
H05K 2203/1115	<ul> <li>Resistance heating, e.g. by current through the PCB conductors or through a metallic mask</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1121	<ul> <li>Cooling, e.g. specific areas of a PCB being cooled during reflow soldering (details related to cooling of mounted components <u>H05K 1/0203</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1126	<ul> <li>Firing, i.e. heating a powder or paste above the melting temperature of at least one of its constituents</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1131	Sintering, i.e. fusing of metal particles to achieve or improve electrical conductivity
H05K 2203/1136	Conversion of insulating material into conductive material, e.g. by pyrolysis
H05K 2203/1142	<ul> <li>Conversion of conductive material into insulating material or into dissolvable compound</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1147	Sealing or impregnating, e.g. of pores
H05K 2203/1152	Replicating the surface structure of a sacrificial layer, e.g. for roughening
H05K 2203/1157	Using means for chemical reduction
H05K 2203/1163	<ul> <li>Chemical reaction, e.g. heating solder by exothermic reaction (oxidising metal H05K 2203/0315)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1168	Graft-polymerization
H05K 2203/1173	Differences in wettability, e.g. hydrophilic or hydrophobic areas
H05K 2203/1178	Means for venting or for letting gases escape
H05K 2203/1184	<ul> <li>Underetching, e.g. etching of substrate under conductors or etching of conductor under dielectrics</li> <li>Means for allowing or controlling underetching</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1189	Pressing leads, bumps or a die through an insulating layer
H05K 2203/1194	Thermal treatment leading to a different chemical state of a material, e.g. annealing for stress-relief, aging
H05K 2203/12	. Using specific substances
H05K 2203/121	Metallo-organic compounds
H05K 2203/122	Organic non-polymeric compounds, e.g. oil, wax, thiol ( using solvent <u>H05K</u> 2203/0783 )
H05K 2203/124	Heterocyclic organic compounds, e.g. azole, furan
H05K 2203/125	Inorganic compounds, e.g. silver salt
H05K 2203/127	Lubricants, e.g. during drilling of holes
H05K 2203/128	<ul> <li>Molten metals, e.g. casting thereof, or melting by heating and excluding molten solder (spraying droplets of molten metal <u>H05K 2203/1344</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/13	Moulding and encapsulation     Deposition techniques     Protective layers
H05K 2203/1305	Moulding and encapsulation
H05K 2203/1311	Foil encapsulation, e.g. of mounted components
H05K 2203/1316	Moulded encapsulation of mounted components

H05K 2203/1322	Encapsulation comprising more than one layer
H05K 2203/1327	Moulding over PCB locally or completely (applying non-metallic protective coatings for encapsulating mounted components <u>H05K 3/284</u> )
H05K 2203/1333	Deposition techniques, e.g. coating
H05K 2203/1338	Chemical vapour deposition
H05K 2203/1344	Spraying small metal particles or droplets of molten metal
H05K 2203/135	Electrophoretic deposition of insulating material
H05K 2203/1355	Powder coating of insulating material
H05K 2203/1361	Coating by immersion in coating bath (applying molten solder H05K 3/3468)
H05K 2203/1366	Spraying coating (apparatus for coating printed circuit boards using liquid non-metallic coating compositions <u>H05K 3/0091</u> )
H05K 2203/1372	Coating by using a liquid wave (solder dip coating H05K 2203/04)
H05K 2203/1377	Protective layers
H05K 2203/1383	Temporary protective insulating layer
H05K 2203/1388	Temporary protective conductive layer
H05K 2203/1394	Covering open PTHs, e.g. by dry film resist or by metal disc
H05K 2203/14	. Related to the order of processing steps
H05K 2203/1407	Applying catalyst before applying plating resist
H05K 2203/1415	Applying catalyst after applying plating resist
H05K 2203/1423	Applying catalyst before etching, e.g. plating catalyst in holes before etching circuit
H05K 2203/143	<ul> <li>Treating holes before another process, e.g. coating holes before coating the substrate</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1438	Treating holes after another process, e.g. coating holes after coating the substrate (metal used as mask for etching vias H05K 2203/0554)
H05K 2203/1446	<ul> <li>Treatment after insertion of lead into hole, e.g. bending, cutting, caulking or curing of adhesive but excluding soldering</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1453	<ul> <li>Applying the circuit pattern before another process, e.g. before filling of vias with conductive paste, before making printed resistors</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1461	<ul> <li>Applying or finishing the circuit pattern after another process, e.g. after filling of vias with conductive paste, after making printed resistors</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1469	Circuit made after mounting or encapsulation of the components
H05K 2203/1476	<ul> <li>Same or similar kind of process performed in phases, e.g. coarse patterning followed by fine patterning</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1484	<ul> <li>Simultaneous treatments, e.g. soldering lead-in-hole components simultaneously with surface mounted components</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1492	Periodical treatments, e.g. pulse plating of through-holes
H05K 2203/15	. Position of the PCB during processing
H05K 2203/1509	Horizontally held PCB
H05K 2203/1518	Vertically held PCB
H05K 2203/1527	Obliquely held PCB
H05K 2203/1536	Temporarily stacked PCBs
H05K 2203/1545	<ul> <li>Continuous processing, i.e. involving rolls moving a band-like or solid carrier along a continuous production path</li> </ul>

H05K 2203/1554	Rotating or turning the PCB in a continuous manner
H05K 2203/1563	Reversing the PCB
H05K 2203/1572	<ul> <li>Processing both sides of a PCB by the same process</li> <li>Providing a similar arrangement of components on both sides</li> <li>Making interlayer connections from two sides</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/1581	<ul> <li>Treating the backside of the PCB, e.g. for heating during soldering or providing a liquid coating on the backside</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/159	Using gravitational force Processing against the gravity direction Using centrifugal force
H05K 2203/16	. Inspection Monitoring Aligning
H05K 2203/161	<ul> <li>Using chemical substances, e.g. colored or fluorescent, for facilitating optical or visual inspection</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/162	<ul> <li>Testing a finished product, e.g. heat cycle testing of solder joints (patterns for electrical inspection or testing <u>H05K 1/0268</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/163	Monitoring a manufacturing process
H05K 2203/165	Stabilizing, e.g. temperature stabilization
H05K 2203/166	Alignment or registration Control of registration
H05K 2203/167	<ul> <li>Using mechanical means for positioning, alignment or registration, e.g. using rod-in-hole alignment</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/168	Wrong mounting prevention
H05K 2203/17	. Post-manufacturing processes
H05K 2203/171	Tuning, e.g. by trimming of printed components or high frequency circuits
H05K 2203/173	<ul> <li>Adding connections between adjacent pads or conductors, e.g. for modifying or repairing (programmable, customizable or modifiable circuits <u>H05K 1/0286</u>)</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/175	<ul> <li>Configurations of connections suitable for easy deletion, e.g. modifiable circuits or temporary conductors for electroplating Processes for deleting connections</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/176	Removing, replacing or disconnecting component Easily removable component (thermal arrangements, e.g. to prevent overheating H05K 1/0201)
H05K 2203/178	<ul> <li>Demolishing, e.g. recycling, reverse engineering, destroying for security purposes Using biodegradable materials</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/30	. Details of processes not otherwise provided for in H05K 2203/01 - H05K 2203/17
H05K 2203/302	Bending a rigid substrate Breaking rigid substrates by bending ( rigid circuit boards or rigid supports locally made bendable <u>H05K 1/0278</u> )
H05K 2203/304	Protecting a component during manufacturing
H05K 2203/306	<ul> <li>Lifting the component during or after mounting Increasing the gap between component and PCB</li> </ul>
H05K 2203/308	<ul> <li>Sacrificial means, e.g. for temporarily filling a space for making a via or a cavity or for making rigid-flexible PCBs</li> </ul>